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DATA REPORT

SPRAY DEPOSIT SUMMARY NORTHERN REGION
1976 Pilot Project to
Evaluate Dylox and Orthene for Controlling Western Spruce Budworm

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Bell 205
Beecomist
90 mph
50' veleage
200' swater

October 1976

U.S. Department of Agriculture Forest Service Forest Insect and Disease Management Methods Application Group Davis, CA 95616 United States Department of Agriculture



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PREFACE

The analysis provided in this report was performed by USFS Methods

Application Group at the request of R-1. The analysis is limited to that related to spray deposition.

The spray deposit Kromekote cards were analysed on the Quantimet image analyser by personnel at Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory, New Mexico. The resulting numbers were run through the U.S. Army ASCAS by MAG at Davis, California. The computer output provided drop size, drop number, and mass deposit data.

This report will provide input to the Final R-1 project report.

Appreciation is extended to Mr. Kaye Johnson and Jim Lehmann of Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory for the deposit card counting and to Robert Ekblad for coordinating.

OBJECTIVE

The objective of the spray deposit sampling was to monitor the overall spray coverage both qualitatively and quantitatively and to investigate correlations of spray deposition to mortality.

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ABSTRACT

A pilot project was conducted by USFS, R-1 to evaluate Dylox 4 and Orthene 75S for control of the western spruce budworm, <u>Choristoneura</u> occidentalis, Freeman.

There was a significant correlation between spray deposit and insect mortality. The vmd of the spray for the Dylox trials was 140 μm and the drop recovery beneath the sample trees was 10 per cm 2 . The vmd for Orthene was 236 μm and 12 drops per cm 2 were recovered beneath the sample trees.

TORRESHI

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INTRODUCTION

This report presents the results of the spray deposit sampling performed during the R-l Pilot Project, 1976, with Dylox and Orthene. The project was conducted on the Helena National Forest during July 1976 to evaluate the two chemicals for control of the western spruce budworm, <u>Choristoneura occidentalis</u> Freeman.

Six blocks approximately 1000 acres in size were sprayed, three with Dylox 4 at the rate of 0.5 gallons per acre and three with Orthene 75S at the rate of 1.0 gallons per acre. The first trial was conducted on July 3, 1976 and the last trial was sprayed July 9, 1976. Both chemicals were applied at one pound of active ingredient per acre. Blocks 1, 2, and 7 were sprayed with Dylox and Blocks 3, 5, and 8 were sprayed with Orthene.

Application was made with a Bell 205 helicopter spraying 50 feet above the trees and swath widths of 200 feet. The helicopter was calibrated to apply the chemicals at a forward speed of 80 mph and swaths of 200 feet. Beecomist spray devices were used on all trials.

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In lication was made with a Dell COE nelicopter spraying 30 foot converted frees and swate winth of DOD feet. The helicopter was colibrated to apply the chemicals at a forward speed of 20 mph and swaths of 200 feet. Representist spray devices were used on all trials.

Spray deposit sampling was accomplished with standard USFS Kromekote cards. The cards, measuring 16.9 X 11 centimeters, were placed in the MEDC card holder and positioned on the ground at the sampling locations.

Card sampling positions included both open and beneath biological sample trees.

The open sampling positions consisted of approximately 50 cards placed along roads or trails. Data obtained from these cards represents the structure of the spray before it was interrupted and scavenged by the forest. Open area sampling_lines were designated as follows:

- a. Cards along stream (W)
- b. Cards along trails and roads (L,M,N)

The sample tree sampling consisted of placing 4 deposit cards at the drip line of each sample tree one at each cardinal position. The ground was cleared of all vegetation to insure that there was no shading or shielding of the deposit card.

The cards were placed in the field by the field crew personnel the morning of the spray and picked up approximately four hours after spraying.

Spray Appell appling was accomplished with slandard Link markets cards some placed a cards will card holder and positioned on the value of a card holder and positioned on the value of a card holder and positioned on the value of a card holder and positioned on the value of a card holder and positioned on the value of a card holder and positioned on the value of a card holder and positioned on the value of a card holder and positioned on the value of a card holder and positioned on the value of a card holder and positioned on the value of a card holder and positioned on the value of a card holder and positioned on the card holder and positioned

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a. Family along stream (W)

b. Gerds eleng traits and chads [L.M.W.

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RESULTS

The results of the analysis consits of the following data:

- a. Deposition data summarized by spray block (Tables 1,2,3).
- b. Percent spray recovery as a function of application rate.
- c. Insect mortality vs. spray deposit graphs both by spray block and by chemical treatment.
- d. Estimates of quality of chemical application.
- e. Canopy penetration plots of spray droplets as a function of droplet size.

Spray deposition data which includes volume median diameters, drop recovery and mass recovery as a function of amount disseminated are provided in Tables 1,2, and 3.

A higher percent of the Orthene spray was recovered as compared to Dylox.

The mortality response curves for Orthene reflect a difference in mortality between the 3 day post spray sampling and the 10 day post sampling. A higher mortality occurred after 10 days as compared to 3 days with Orthene. This is attributed to the residual action of Orthene. The Dylox graphs do not reflect this pattern. It is also

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a. Percent spra, recent as a speciment of the case of

Typen depose readers where the section of summer disconfigure recovery as a function of summer disconfigural.

provided in Tables 1.2, and 3.

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worthy of note that it required less Orthene (drops/cm² and mass) to cause a 90% mortality.

Through analysis of the spray deposit vs. insect mortality graphs it was possible to conclude that there is residual chemical activity at least 9 days after spraying of Orthene.

A higher percent recovery of the spray was observed with Orthene as compared to Dylox. This may be attributed to evaporation and/or drift as the droplet size of the Dylox spray was lower than Orthene.

Based upon the insect responses shown on the deposit/mortality graphs, the quality of spray application was poor on Blocks 2 and 7, both Dylox blocks, and better on the Orthene blocks.

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A higher parcont recover of the small has meet in Orthone compar to Dribe and the small state of the owner sorry met load and a children with the droplet size of the owner sorry met load on and a children and a child

Sames using the insect respons whown as the sepect foot allow what the quality at spray application was poor in Block 2 and 7, buth Dylox blocks, and better on the Orthone blocks.

Table 1. - Summary of volume median diameter (vmd) and drops per cm², R-1 Pilot Project 1976.

Block	Chemical	Cand	h-n-1:+:	VMD	(\		, 2	T . 1
BIOCK	CHEMICAI	Card Identifier	Application Rate	VMD	(_{ju} m) Open	Drops.	Open	Total Sample Cards
1	Dylox	TREE	0.5 GPA	147		13		281
		0pen			151		24	50
2	Dylox	TREE		127		10		280
		Open W	0 5 004	1_	139		23	6
		Open M	0.5 GPA		76		16	50
		Ope n L			117		17	28
7	Dylox	TREE	0.5 GPA	146		8		286
		,	(NO OPEN	CARDS)				
3	Orthene	TREE		259		11		298
		Open L	1.0 GPA		260		11	47
		Open W	1.0 QIA	 .	272		18	10
		Open M&N			289		23	69
5	Orthene	TREE	1.0 GPA	229		10		300
,		Open W	3	Ann agus	194		9	3
8	Orthene	TREE		221		14		
		Open M			220		19	27
		Open L	1.0 GPA		267		20	50
		Open W			238		27	7
-		Open N			216		20	24

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Table 2. - Summary of spray recovery in gallons per acre and recovery as per cent of material applied, R-1 Pilot Project 1976

			•					
Block	Chemical	Card	Application	Gallons		Spray Re		Total
		Identifier	Rate	Trees	0pen	Trees	0pe n	Sample Cards
1	Dylox	TREE	0.5 GPA	.06	-	12%		281
		- OPEN		-	.14		28%	50
2	Dylox	TREE		.03	-	6%		280
		Open W	0.5 GPA	-	.08	-	16%	6
		Ope n M	0.5 di A		.02	-	4%	50
		Open L		-	.05	-	10%	28
7	Dylox	TREE	0.5 GPA	.04	-	8%	-	286
			(NO OPEN CARD	S)				
3	Orthene	TREE		.35	-	35%	-	298
		Open L	1.0 GPA	-	.38	-	38%	47
		Open W	1.0 diA	<u> </u>	. 94	-	94%	10
		Open M&N		-	1.02	-	102%	69
5	Orthene	TREE	1.0 GPA	.26	-	26%	-	300
		Open W		-	.18		18%	- 3
8	Orthene	TREE		.36	_	36%	_	-
		Open M		-	.59	-	59%	27
		Open L	1.0 GPA	-	. 95	-	95%	50
		Open W		-	.91	-	91%	7
		Open N		-	.54	-	54%	24

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Table 3 Results Summary of Spray Deposit Data by Chemical

		Tree Car	ds		Ope n C	ards
Chemical	VMD	Drops/cm ²	Spray Recovery	VMD	Drops/cm ²	Spray Recovery
Dylox 4	140µm	10	9%	121µm	20	15%
Orthene 75S	236µm	12	32%	245µm	18	69%

X2-0 1

1382 738 236mm 12 328 125mm 12 25

Table 4 - Relative spray deposition observed by sample tree clusters, Block 1, Dylox.

Block	Tree Cluster	Quantitative Sp 0 1-7 Negative Light	8-19	n (Drops/cm2) 20-28 Heavy	
1	1		χ		
	2		X		
	3		^	X	
	4		X	^	
	5		^	X	
	6		X	^	
	7		X		
	8	X			
	9			Χ	
	10			X	
	11		Χ		
	12		Χ		
	13	X			
	14		Х		
	15	Χ			
	16		Χ		
	17	X			
	18		X		
	19		X		
	20	X			
	21		Χ		
	22	Χ			
	23		X		
	24	X			
	25			Χ	

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Table 5 - Relative spray deposition observed by sample tree clusters, Block 2, Dylox.

Block	Tree Cluster	Quantitative Spray O 1-7 Negative Light	8-19	(Drops/cm2) 20-28 Heavy
2	26			χ
	27			X
	28	Х		
	29		Χ	
	30		X	
	31		X	
	32		X	
	33		X	
	34	X		
	35	X		
	36	X		
	37	X		
	38		X	
	39		X	
	40		X	
	41	X		
	42		Χ	
	43		Χ	
	44		Χ	
	45	X		
	46	X		
	47	X		
	48	X		
	49	X		
	50		Χ	

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Table 6 - Relative spray deposition observed by sample tree clusters, Block 3, Orthene.

		Quantitative Spray	Deposition	(Drops/cm2)
Block	Tree Cluster	0 1-7	8-19	20-28
			Medium	Heavy
			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	The day
3	51	X		
	52		Χ	
	53	X		
	54		Χ	
	55		X	
	56	X		
	57		Χ	
	58		Χ	
	59		Χ	
	60			X
	61		Χ	
	62		Χ	
	63		Х	
	64			X
	65		Χ	
	66		Χ	
	67	X		
	68	X		
	69	X		
	70	X		
	71		Х	
	72		X	
	73		X	
	74	Х		
	75		X	

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Table 7 - Relative spray deposition observed by sample tree clusters, Block 5, Orthene.

				/- / O)
D7 I.	T 01+	Quantitative Spray	Deposition	(Drops/cm2)
Block	Tree Cluster	0 1-7	8-19	20-28
		Negative Light	Medium	Heavy
5	101		· · · · X · · · · · ·	
	102		X	
	103		Χ	
	104		Χ	
	105		Χ	
	106		χ	
	107		Χ	
	108		Χ	
	109		X	•
	110	X		
		X		
	112	X		
	113	X		
	114		Χ	
	115		χ	
	116	X		
	117		Χ	
	118	X		
	119		Χ	
	120	X		
	121		Χ	
	122		Χ	
	123		X	
	124	Х		
	125		X	

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Table 8 - Relative spray deposition observed by sample tree clusters, Block 7, Dylox.

Block	Tree Cluster	Quantitative Spray Deposition (Drops/cm2) 0 1-7 8-19 20-28 Negative Light Medium Heavy
7	151	X
	152	X
	153	X
	154	X
	155	X
	156	X
	157	X
	158	X
	159	X
	160	Х
	161	Х
	162	χ
	163	Only 2 Cards
	164	Х
	165	X
	166	X
	167	X
	168	X
	169	X
	170	X
	171	X
	172	X
	173	X
	174	X
	175	X

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Table 9 - Relative spray deposition observed by sample tree clusters, Block 8, Orthene

Block	Tree Cluster	Quantitativ 0 : Negative l	1-7	Deposition 8-19 Medium	(Drops/cm2) 20-45 Heavy
8	176				X
	177			Χ	
	178		Χ		
	179			Χ	
	180			Х	
	181		Χ		
	182				Χ
	183		Χ		
	184		Χ		
	185		Χ		
	186	Χ			
	187		Χ		
	188				Χ
	189			Χ	
	190		X		
	191			Χ	
	192			X	
	193				X
	194				X
	195			Χ	
	196				X
	197			X	
	198		X		
	199			X	
	100			/\	



Table 10 1976 Montana Pilot Project, Block 1, Dylox, Mortality and Spray Deposit Data by Cluster

	Unadjusted Mortality		Mass	2		
Cluster	3 Day	10 Day	Gallons/Acre	Drops/cm	· VMD	
]	.858	.973	.10	14	151	
2	. 653	.848	.09	16	127	
3	. 930	.966	.10	. 29	130	
4	. 858	.903	.04	16	119	
5	.710	.810	.07	23	121	
6	.804	.944	.08	12	156	
7	.765	.803	.01	9	60	
8	.814	.961	.01	6	78	
9	.819	.917	.07	20	121	
10	.920	.969	.16	28	154	
11	. 665	.894	.02	17	81	
12	. 553	.576	.03	11	86	_
13	. 555	.795	.02	7	113	
14	.899	.890	.06	12	142	
15	.756	.610	.13	7	198	
16	.561	.701	.06	9	157	
17	.675	.591	.05	7	166	
18	.626	.776	. 07	8	148	
19	.768	.875	. 11	13	169	
. 20	.651	.776	.03	4	166	
21	.764	.726	.05	10	148	
22	.000	. 486	.00	<1	54	
23	. 285	. 431	.09	10	160	
24	.371	. 577	.01	2	180	
25	.973	1.000	.12	20	143	

Table 10 1976 Portain Pilos Project, Elsex 1, Dwlos, Montaitly and Sorey Deposit Date by Courter

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		03 1	[6]	
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Table 11 1976 Montana Pilot Project, Block 2, Dylox, Mortality and Spray Deposit Data by Cluster

		Unadjusted Mortality		Mass	2		
_	Cluster		10 Day	Gallons Per Acre	Drops/cm	I DMV	
_	26	. 987	.990	. 10	27		
	27	.986	.976	. 14	20		
_	28	. 965	.978	.04	6		
_	29	.967	.995	.03	9		
	30	.974	. 988	.04	9		
	31	. 885	.942	.02	10		
	32	.977	.955	.04	18		
	33	.352	. 637	.05	12		
	34	.859	. 943	.02	6		
	35	.721	.775	.01	4		
	36	.827	.842	.01	3		
	37	. 867	.938	.02	6		
	38	.664	.858	.03	12		
	39	.793	.925	.02	10		
	40	.841	.667	.03	15		
_	41	.703	.815	.01	5		
	42	.843	.929	.06	12		
	43	.962	.973	.06	15		
	44	.886	.932	.04	12		
	45	.876	. 809	.01	5		
	46	.845	.866	.01	3		
	47	.872	.863	.04	7		
	48	.265	.512	.02	3		
	49	.643	.811	.01	2		
	50	.843	. 956	.03	13		

¹ VMD's were not calculated by cluster for this block.

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Table 12 1976 Montana Pilot Project, Block 3, Orthene Mortality and Spray Deposit Data by Cluster

	Unadjusted Mortality		Mass	2	
Cluster	3 Day		Gallons/Acre	Drops/cm ²	VMD
51	.921	.994	.21	6	239
52	. 967	1.000	.36	10	241
53	.715	.971	.06	4	172
54	. 985	1.000	.50	14	285
55	.990	1.000	.64	11	304
56	. 983	. 985	.25	6	258
57	.896	.985	. 27	9	228
58	.989	.968	.56	18	231
59	. 987	1.000	. 26	11	225
60	.995	1.000	1.12	22	282
61	. 959	.975	.23	8	242
62	. 955	1.000	.55	13	298
63	.972	.990	.23	13	217
64	.984	1.000	.95	26	253
65	.856	.969	. 45	10	303
66	.942	.961	.16	12	161
- 67	.905	. 987	. 42	5	337
68	.817	.943	.08	6	162
69	.778	.765	. 05	4	161
70	.720	. 932	.08	4	297
71	.922	. 957	.24	10	236
72	.698	.920	.10	7	167
73	.982	.997	.65	18	250
74	.800	.939	.14	4	242
75	1.000	1.000	.76	18	277

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Table 13 1976 Montana Pilot Project, Block 5, Orthene Mortality and Spray Deposit Data by Cluster

		ed Mortality	Mass	2	1
Cluster	3 Day	10 Day	Gallons/Acre	Drops/cm ²	VMD 1
101	.988	1.000	.49	14	·
102	.776	.910	.22	15	
103	.914	.992	.52	12	
104	.915	. 985	.13	8	
105	.996	1.000	.41	16	
106	.713	.884	.16	18	
107	.852	.978	.10	9	
108	.764	.797	.12	8	
109	.842	.978	.23	12	
110	.150	.703	.09	5	
111	.914	.952	.15	6	
112	. 904	.987	.13	6	
113	.654	.793	.02	4	
114	.876	.954	.14	6	
115	.957	.995	.36	8	
116	.737	.892	.15	3	
117	.880	1.000	.46	16	
118	.895	.968	.08	4	
119	.966	1.000	.68	11	
120	.791	.918	.03	3	
121	.934	.976	.29	13	
122	.975	1.000	.51	13	
123	.815	.916	.38	10	
124	.803	.817	.06	6	
125	.935	.991	.78	17	

¹ VMD's were not calculated by cluster for this block.

Table 13 1975 Men and Ellot Project on ass. ... The Spray Deports was a chille

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Table 13 1976 Montana Pilot Project, Block 7, Dylox, Mortality and Spray Deposit Data by Cluster

	Unadjusted Mortality		Mass	0	
Cluster			Gallons/Acre	Drops/cm ²	VMD
151	.794	.530	.03	7	126
152	.572	.711	.05	6	159
153	.705	.609	.06	12	138
154	.868	.913	.11	12	187
155	.958	1.000	.16	22	155
156	.869	.757	.05	13	124
157	.921	1.000	.10	21	135
158	.818	.871	.09	11	160
159	.676	.767	.07	16	129
160	.586	. 499	.01	4	111
161	.231	.524	.00	1	58
162	. 465	.337	.02	7	113
163	.845	.840			
164	.717	.735	.03	5	135
165	.141	.332	.01	4	155
166	. 435	.378	.02	4	176
167	.661	.677	.02	4	146
168	.362	.510	.02	7	123
169	.111	.212	.00	2	56
170	.662	.683	.04	5	160
171	.721	.709	.04	10	119
172	. 289	.324	.00	2	77
173	.650	. 474	.00	3	68
174	.383	.594	.00	3	76
175	.933	.803	.08	14	134

Table 14 1976 Montana Pilot Project, Block 8, Orthene Mortality and Spray Deposit Data by Cluster

	Unadjusted Mortality		Mass		
Cluster	3 Day	10 Day	Gallons/Acre	Drops/cm ²	VMD
176	.972	.976	52	24	203
177	.874	. 853	.14	10	170
178	.816	.914	.13	3	268
179	.897	. 935	.50	18	208
180	.849	.961	.31	8	238
181	.860	.874	.37	7	276
182	1.000	1.000	1.15	45	209
183	.928	.950	.17	5	270
184	.222	.379	.01	2	150
185	.000	.000	.02	2	197
186	.000	.185	.00	0	91
187	.815	. 854	.12	4	243
188	.905	1.000	.48	21	200
- 189	.912	1.000	. 44	18	209
190	.871	. 938	.12	7	202
191	.941	1.000	.38	17	207
- 192	.941	.974	.42	18	219
193	.944	.993	.57	28	197
194	.959	. 967	. 29	20	167
195	.903	1.000	.30	14	216
196	.975	1.000	1.10	22	261
197	.970	.966	.34	13	243
198	.944	.969	.17	5	280
199	.931	.950	. 29	16	182
200	.960	.947	.68	22	233



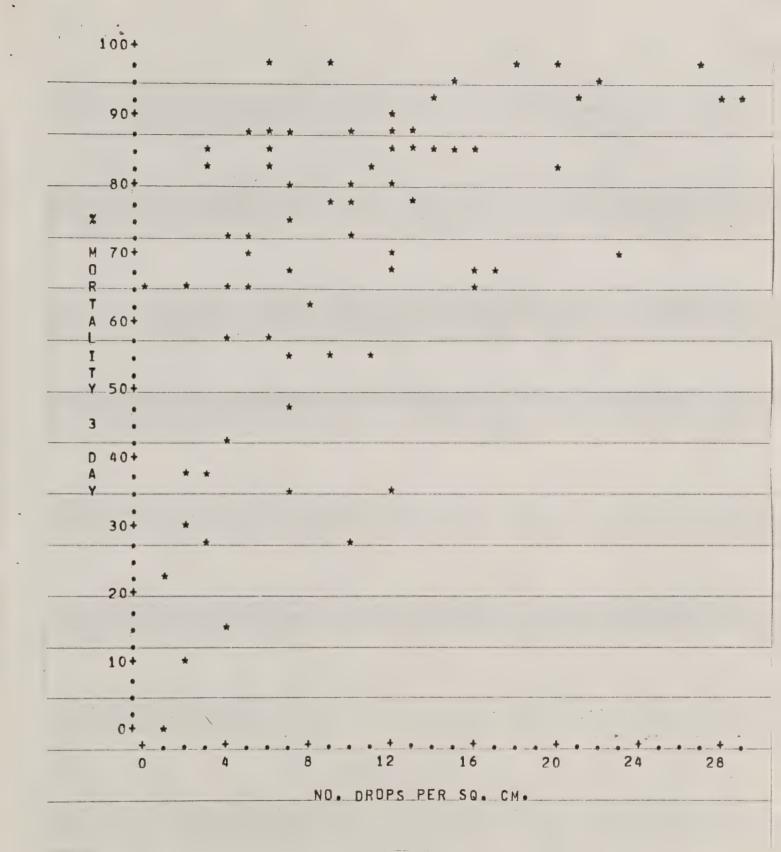


Figure 1. Blocks 1, 2, and 7, Dylox, 1976 Montana Pilot Project Mortality at 3 days vs. spray deposit in number of drops/cm².

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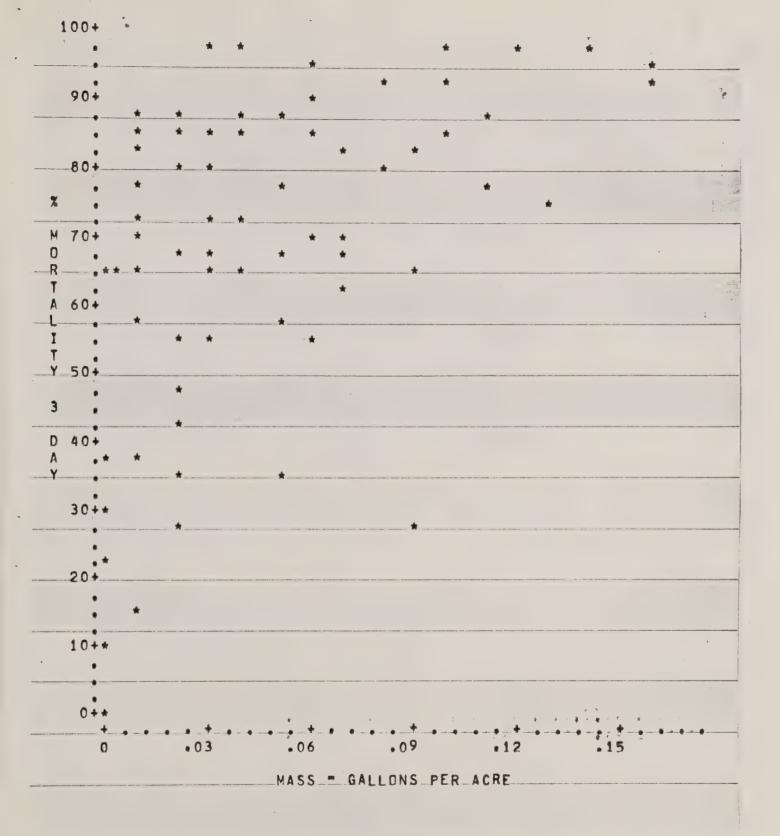


Figure 2. Blocks 1, 2, and 7, Dylox, 1976 Montana Pilot Project Mortality at 3 days vs. spray deposit in gallons per acre.

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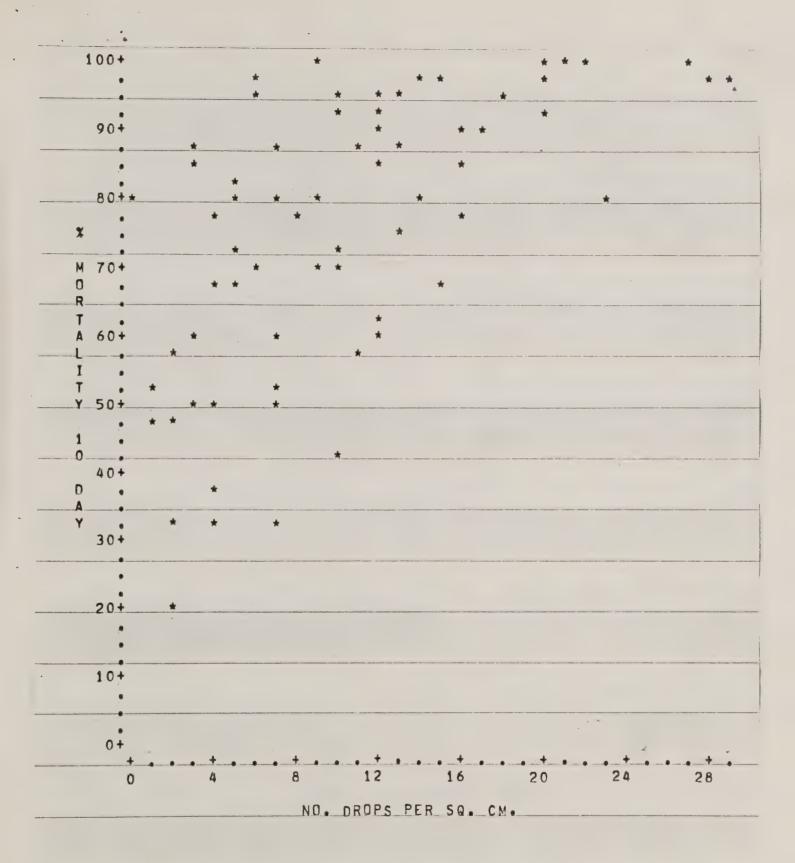


Figure 3. Blocks 1,2, and 7, Dylox, 1976 Montana Pilot Project Mortality at 10 days vs. spray deposit in number of drops/cm².

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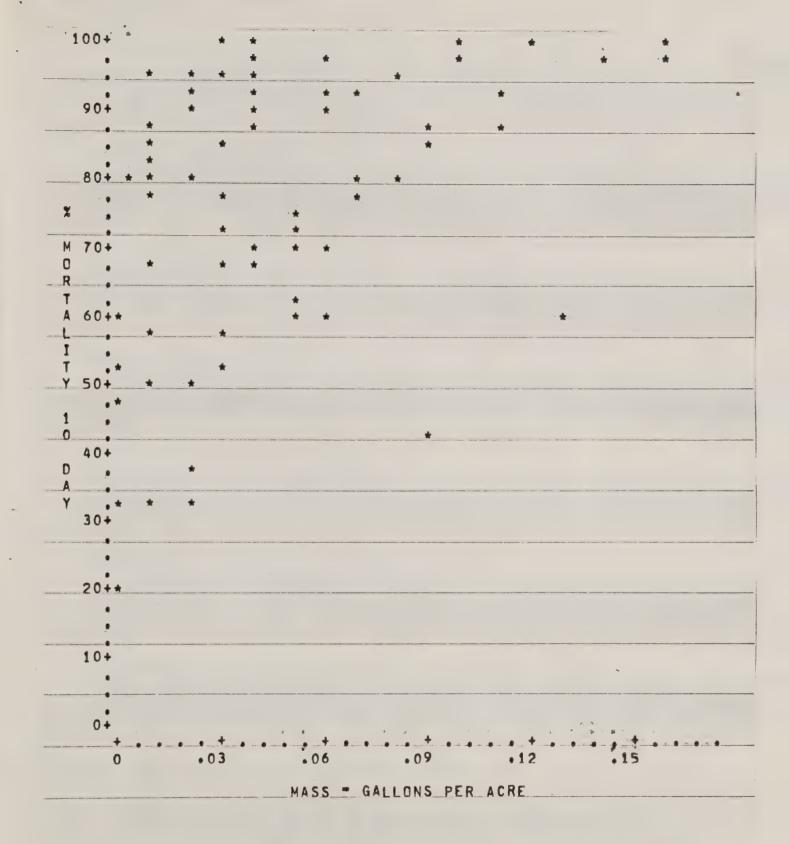


Figure 4. Blocks 1, 2, and 7, Dylox, 1976 Montana Pilot Project Mortality at 10 days vs. spray deposit in gallons per acre.

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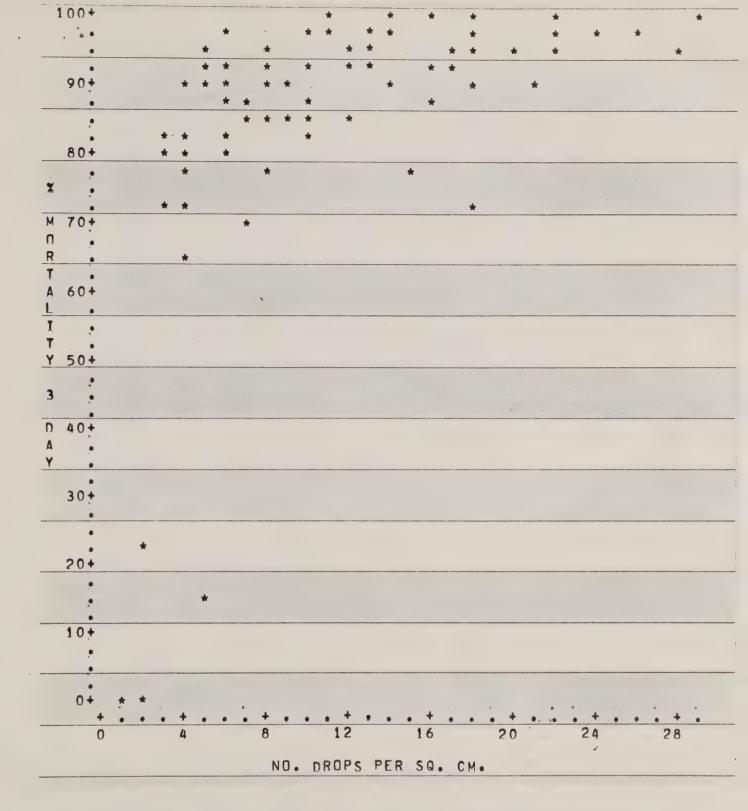


Figure 5. Blocks,3,5, and 8, Orthene, 1976 Montana Pilot Project Mortality at 3 days vs. spray deposit in number of drops/cm².

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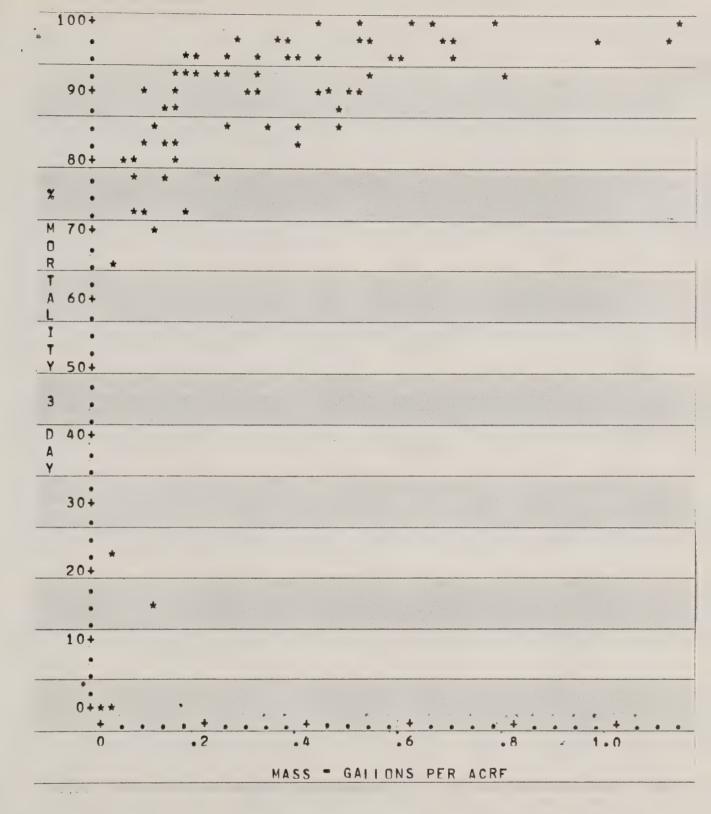


Figure 6. Blocks, 3,5, and 8, Orthene, 1976 Montana Pilot Project Mortality at 3 days vs. spray deposit in gallons per acre.

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Mortaling of 3 days vs. spray deposit in gallions per acra.

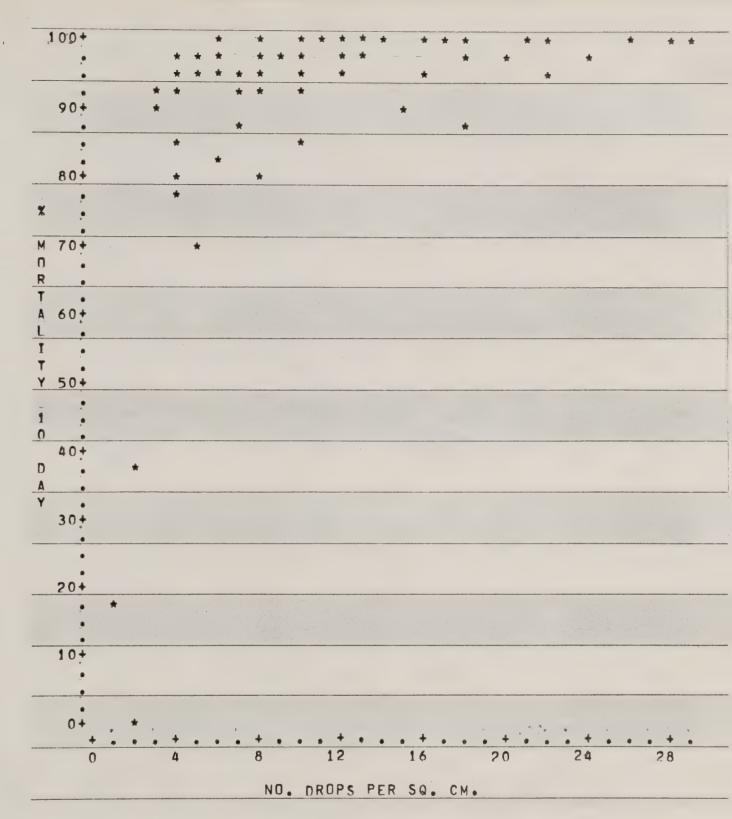


Figure 7. Blocks, 3,5, and 8, Orthene, 1976 Montana Pilot Project Mortality at 10 days vs. spray deposit in number of drops/cm².

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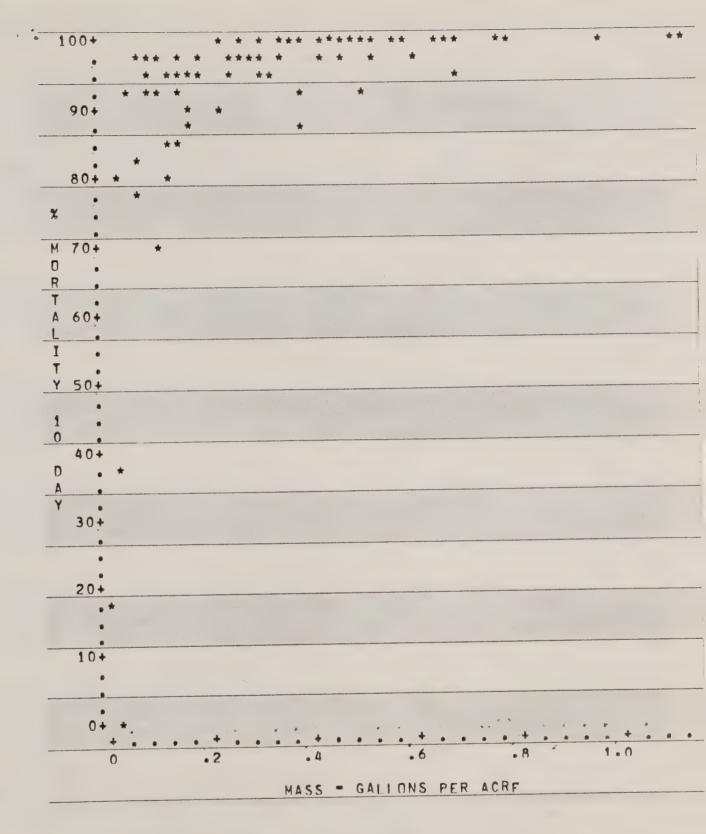


Figure 8. Blocks, 3,5, and 8, Orthene, 1976 Montana Pilot Project Mortality at 10 days vs. spray deposit in gallons per acre.

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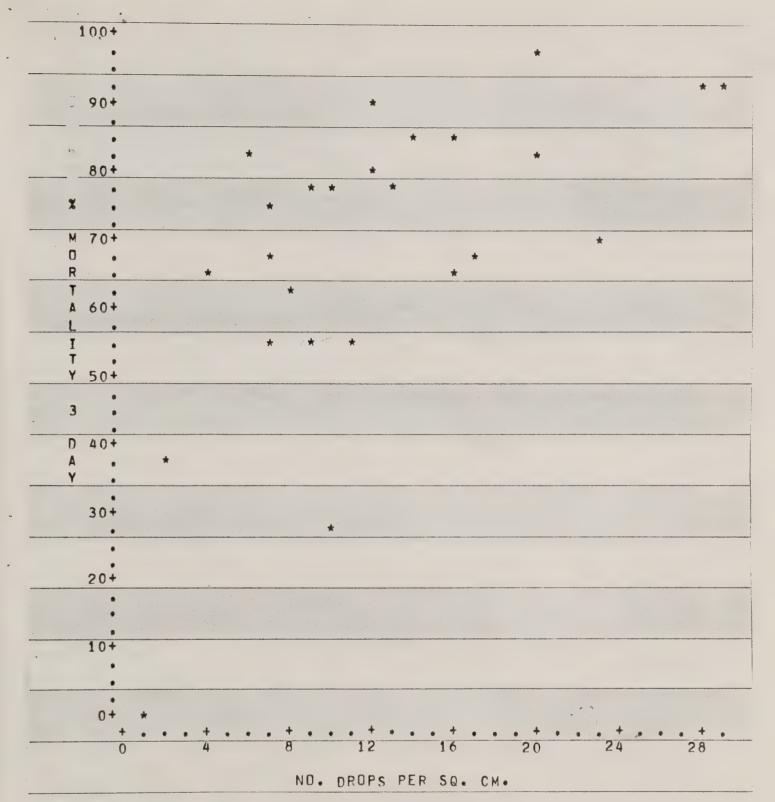


Figure 9. Block 1, Dylox, 1976 Montana Pilot Project Mortality at 3 days vs. spray deposit in number of drops/cm².

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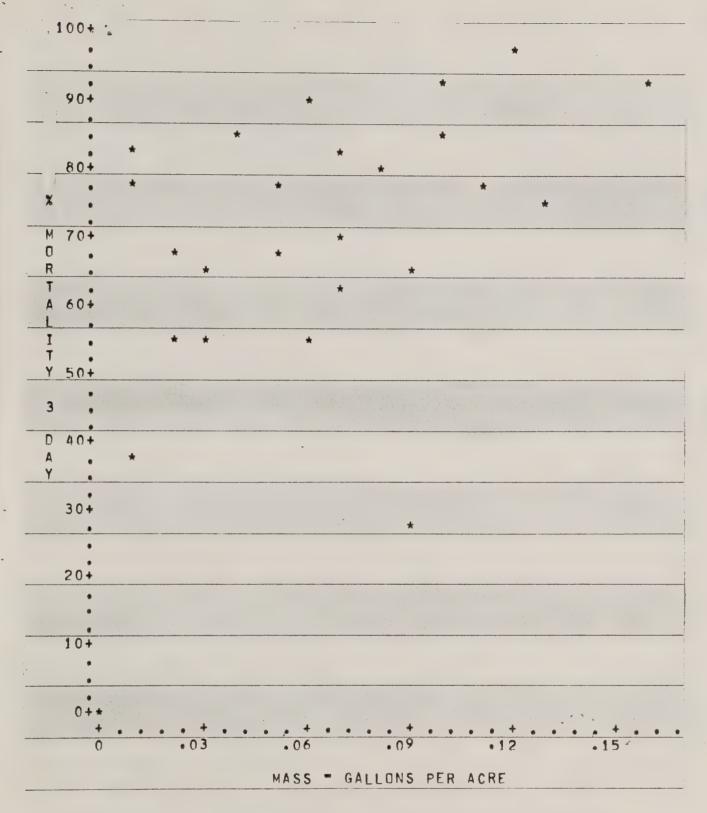


Figure 10. Block 1, Dylox, 1976 Montana Pilot Project Mortality at 3 days vs. spray deposit in gallons per acre.

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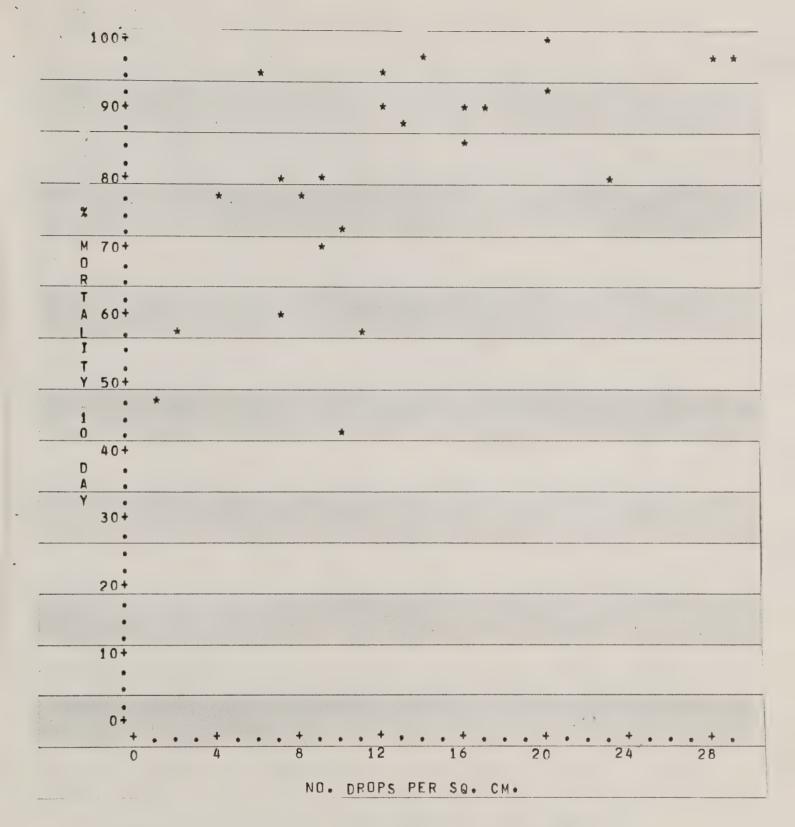


Figure 11. Block 1, Dylox, 1976 Montana Pilot Project Mortality at 10 days vs. spray deposit in number of drops/cm².

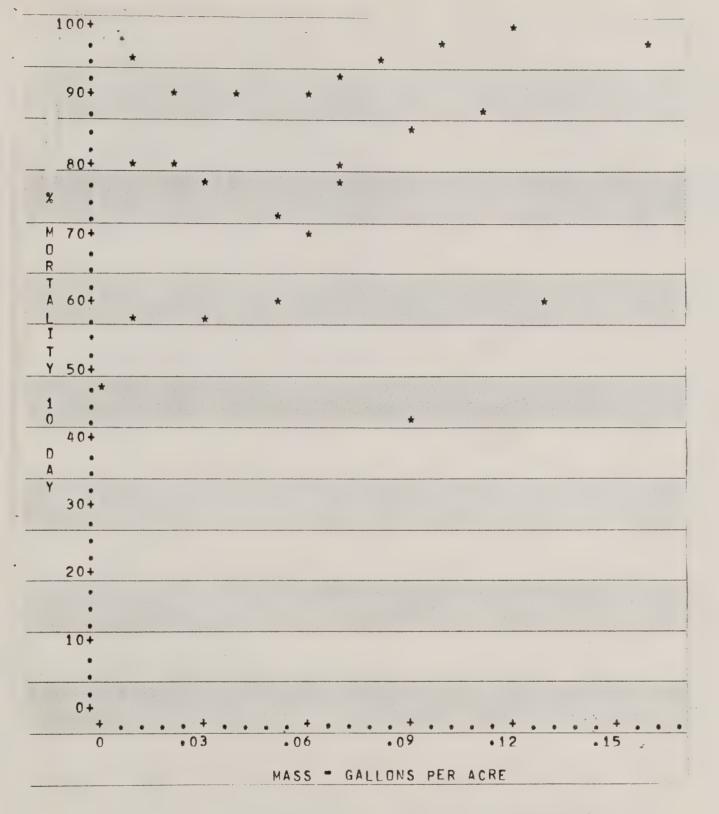
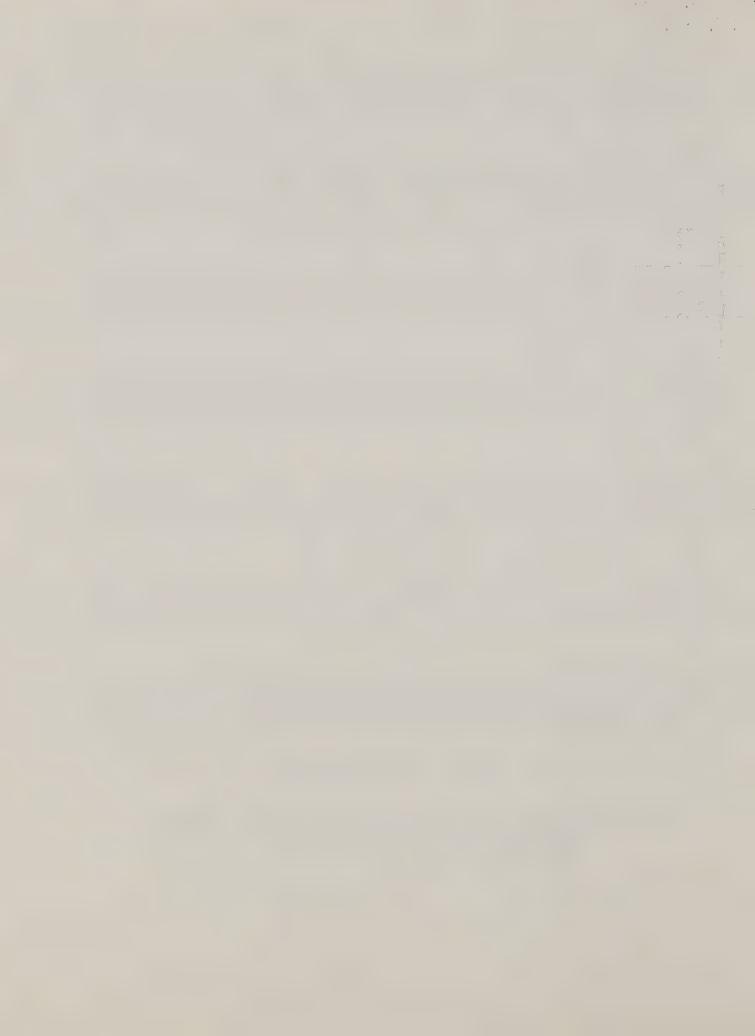


Figure 12.Block 1, Dylox, 1976 Montana Pilot Project Mortality at 10 days vs. spray deposit in gallons per acre.



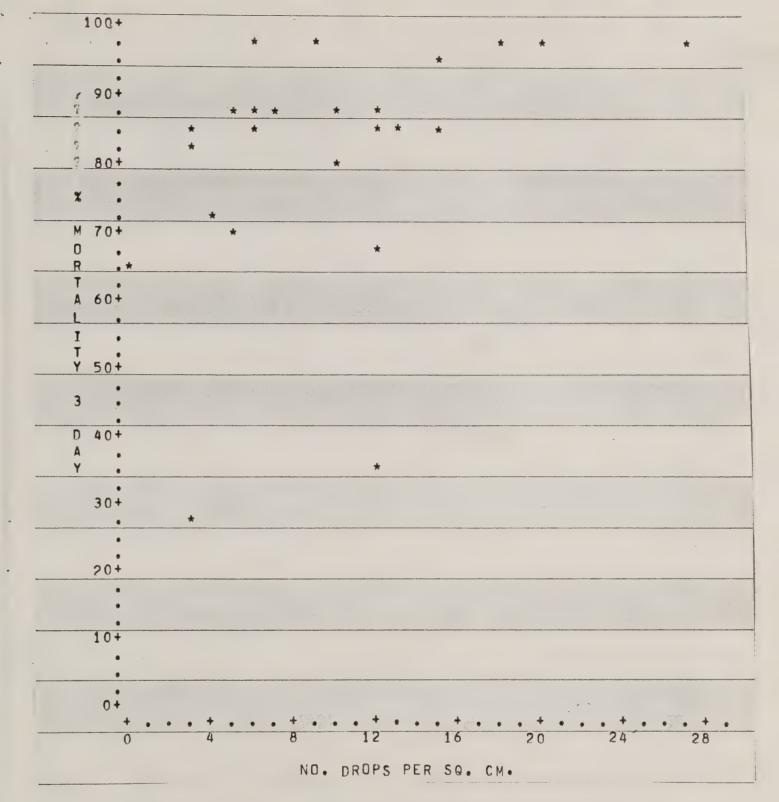


Figure 13. Block 2, Dylox, 1976 Montana Pilot Project Mortality at 3 days vs. spray deposit in number of drops/cm.

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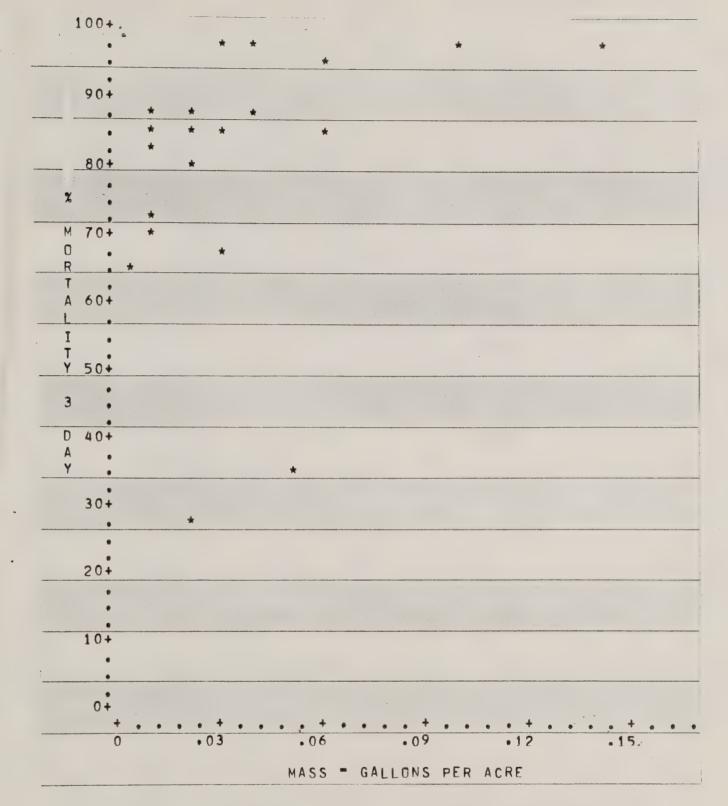


Figure 14. Block 2, Dylox, 1976 Montana Pilot Project Mortality at 3 days vs. spray deposit in gallons per acre.

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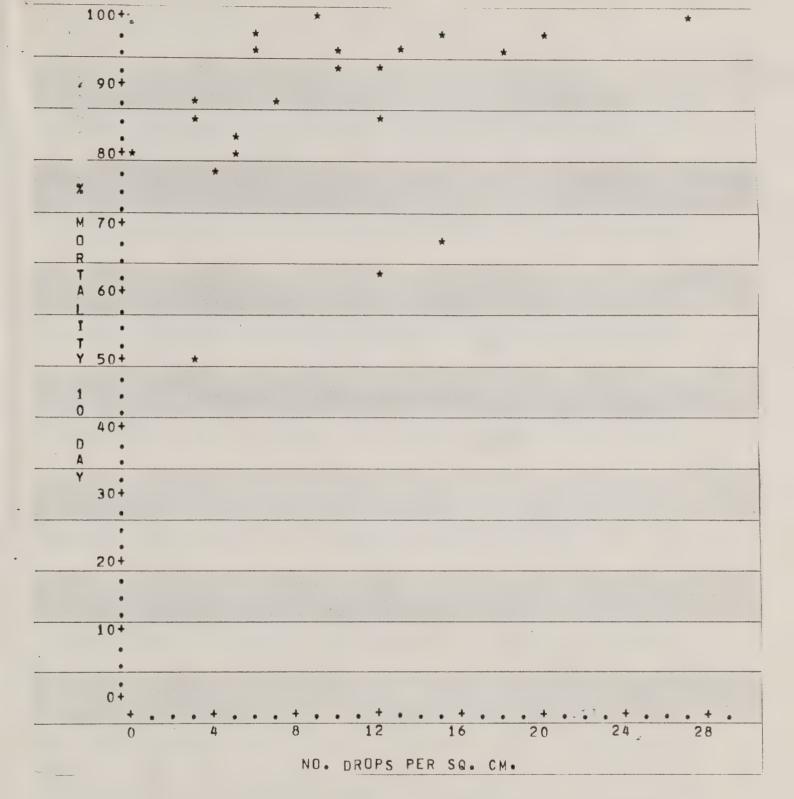


Figure 75. Block 2, Dylox, 1976 Montana Pilot Project Mortality at 10 days vs. spray deposit in number of drops/cm².

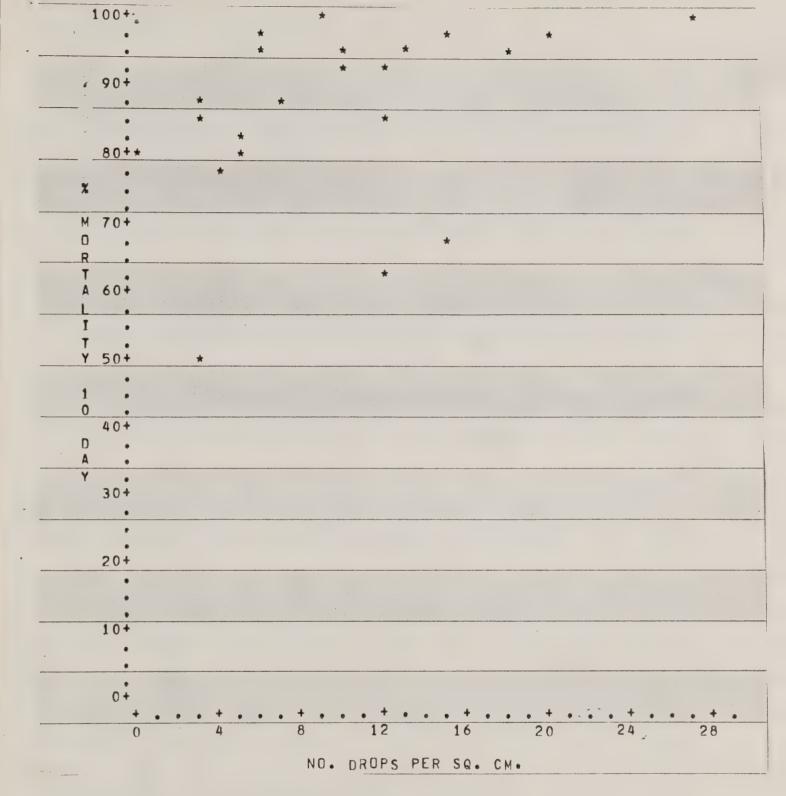


Figure 15. Block 2, Dylox, 1976 Montana Pilot Project Mortality at 10 days vs. spray deposit in number of drops/cm².

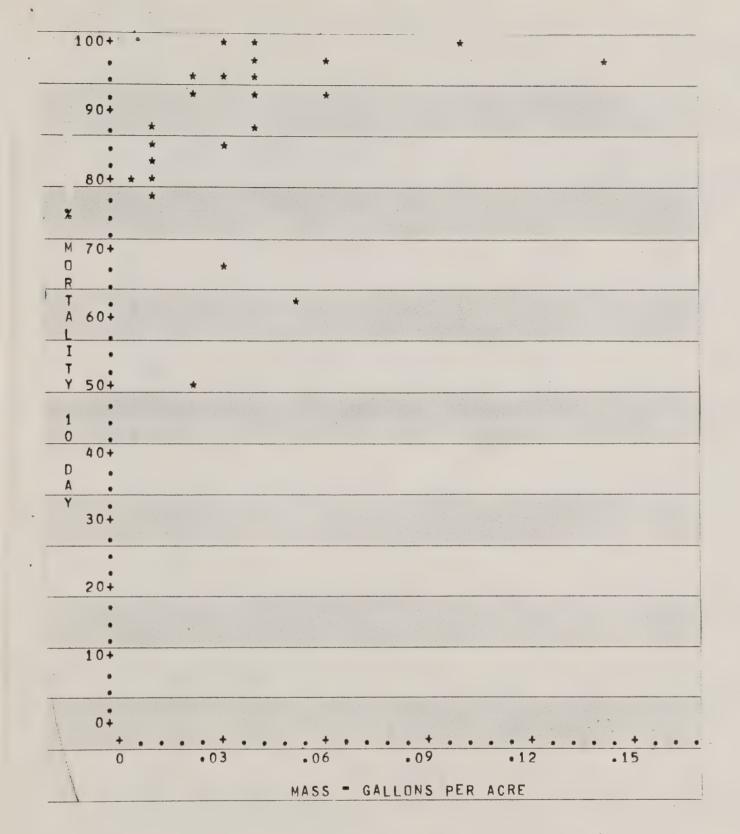


Figure 16.Block 2, Dylox, 1976 Montana Pilot Project Mortality at 10 days vs. spray deposit in gallons per acre.

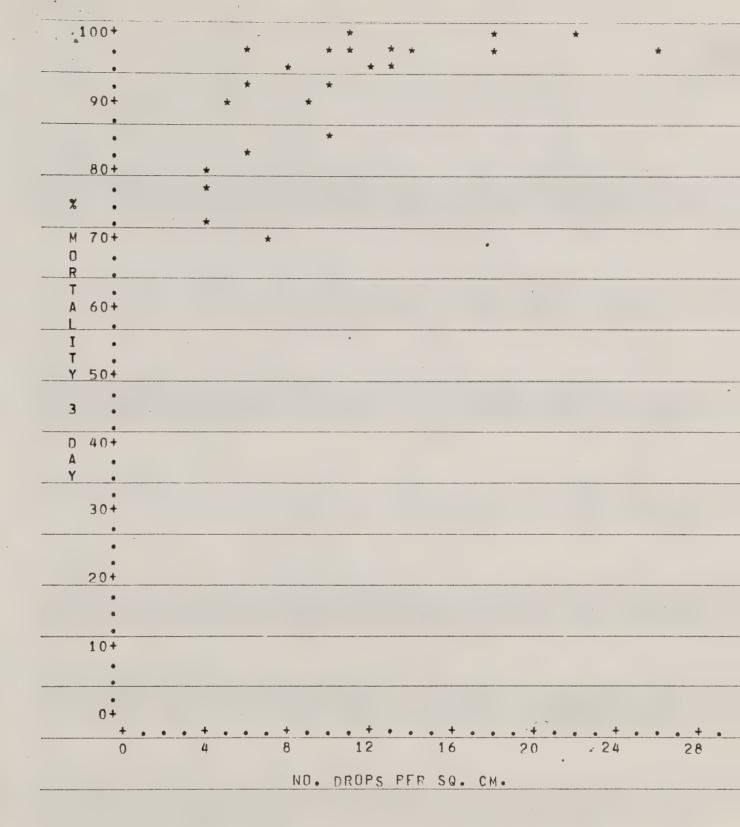


Figure 17. Block 3, Orthene, 1976 Montana Pilot Project Mortality at 3 days vs. spray deposit in number of drops/cm².

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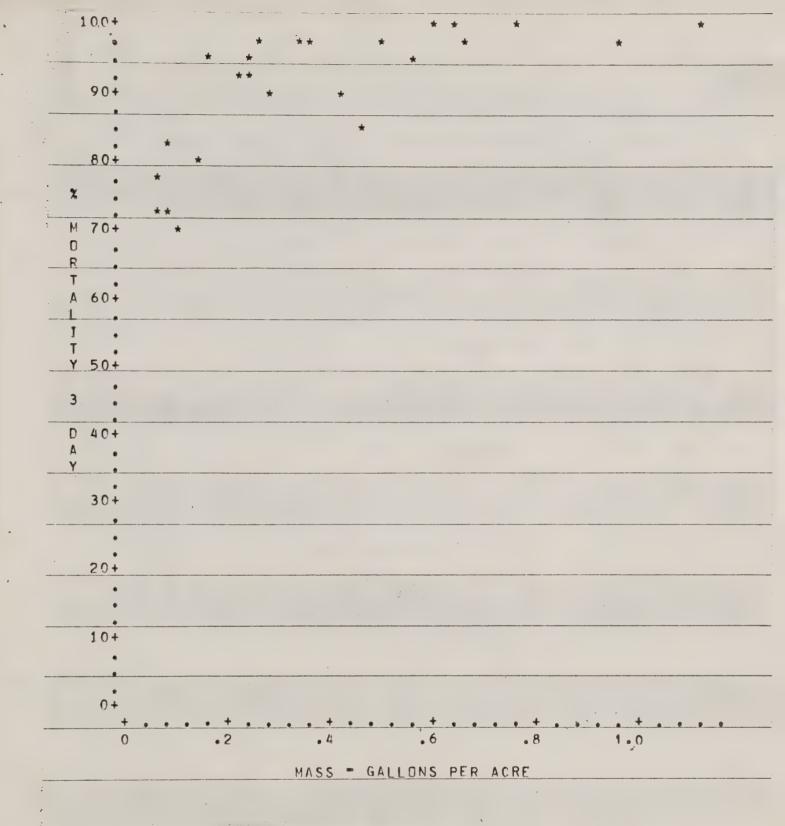


Figure 18. Block 3, Orthene, 1976 Montana Pilot Project Mortality at 3 days vs. spray deposit in gallons per acre.

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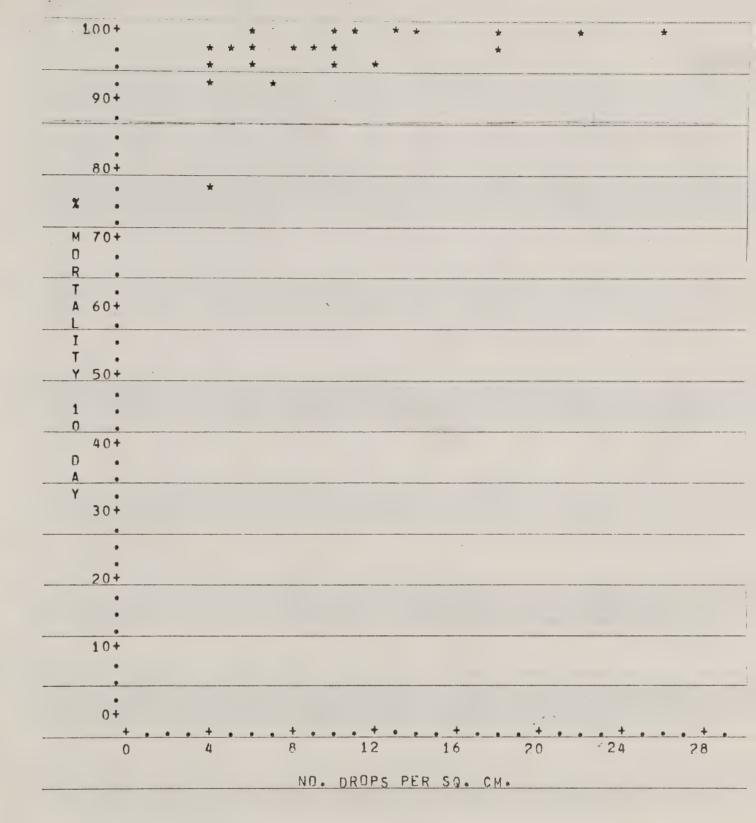


Figure 19. Block 3, Orthene, 1976 Montana Pilot Project Mortality at 10 days vs. spray deposit in number of drops/cm².

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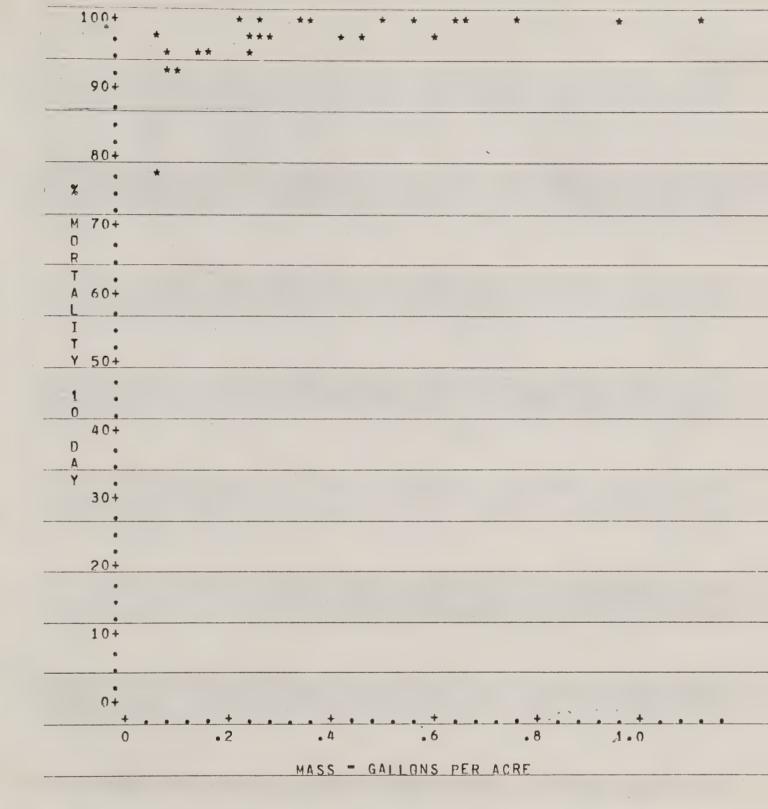


Figure 20. Block 3, Orthene, Montana 1976 Pilot Project Mortality at 10 days vs. spray deposit in gallons per acre.

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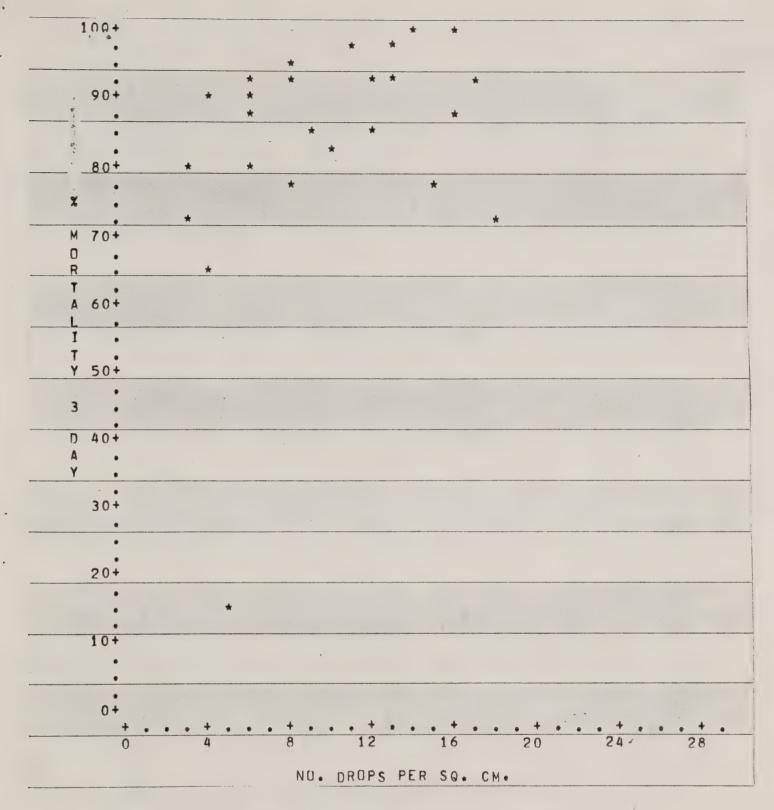


Figure 21. Block 5, Orthene, 1976 Montana Pilot Project Mortality at 3 days vs. spray deposit in number of drops/cm².

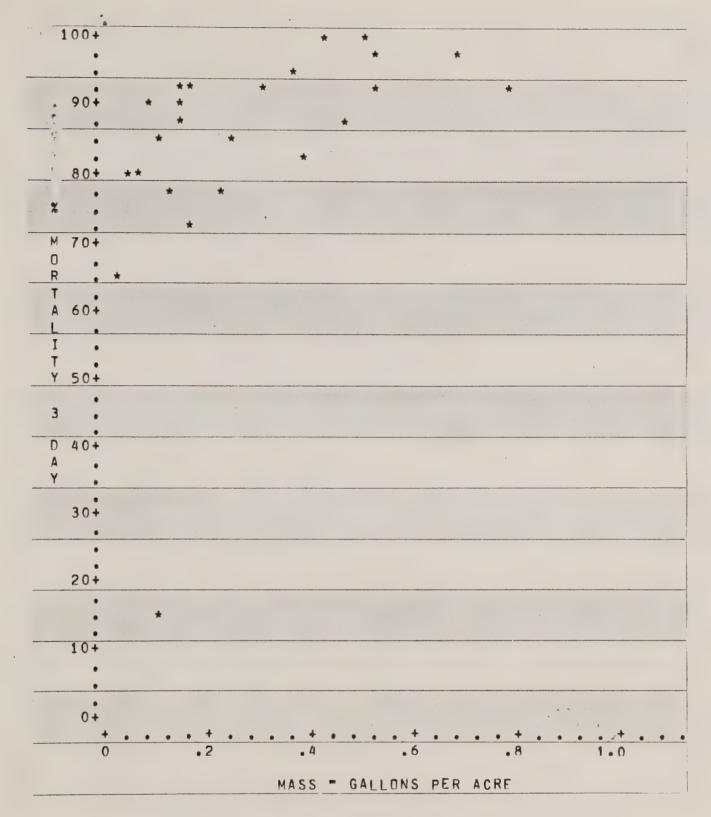


Figure 22. Block 5, Orthene, 1976 Montana Pilot Project Mortality at 3 days vs. spray deposit in gallons per acre.

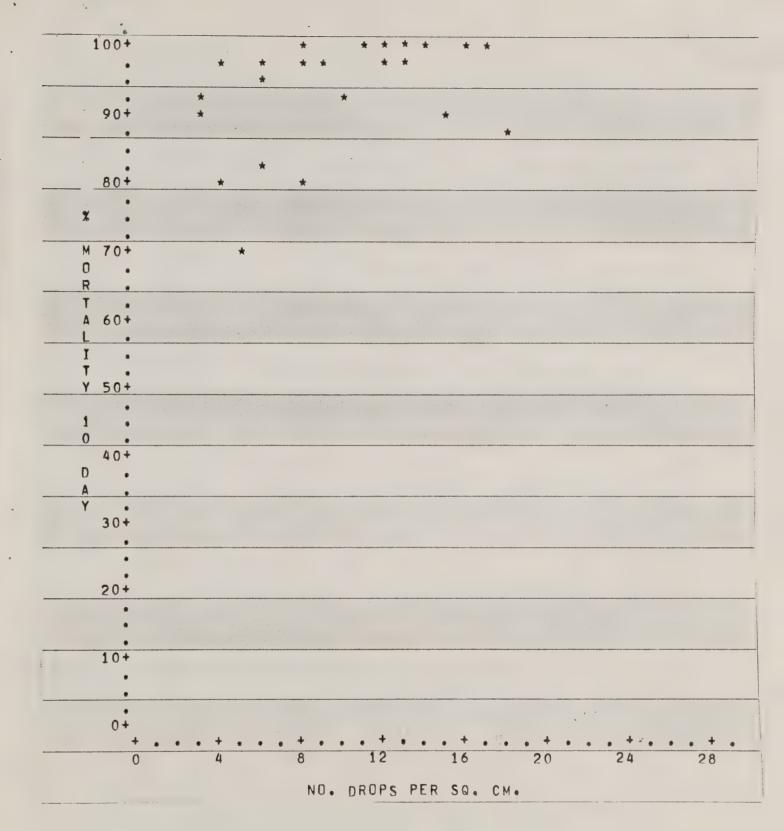


Figure 23. Block 5, Orthene, 1976 Montana Pilot Project Mortality at 10 days vs. spray deposit in number of drops/cm².

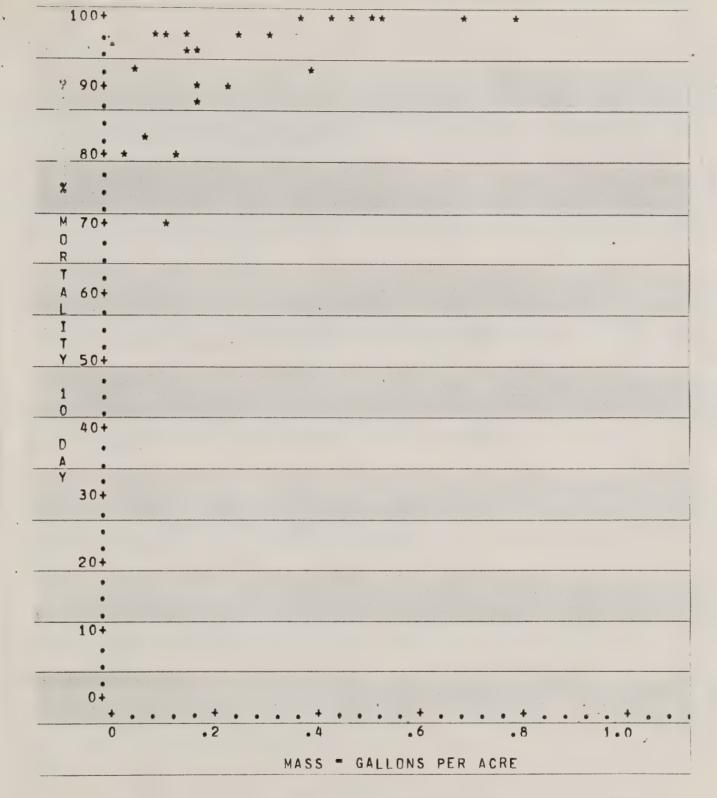


Figure 24.Block 5, Orthene, 1976 Montana Pilot Project Mortality at 10 days vs. spray deposit in gallons per acre.

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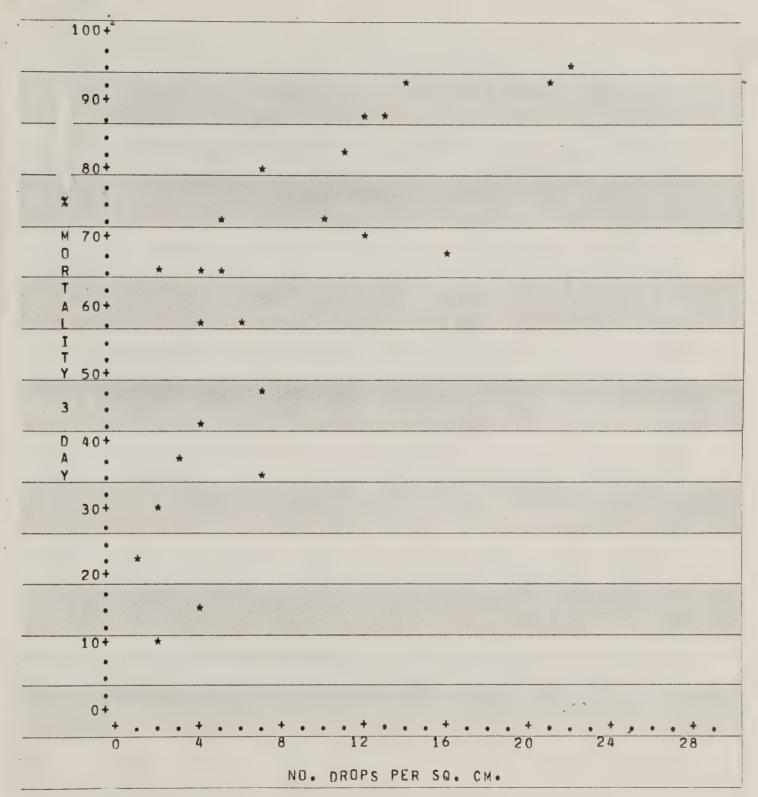
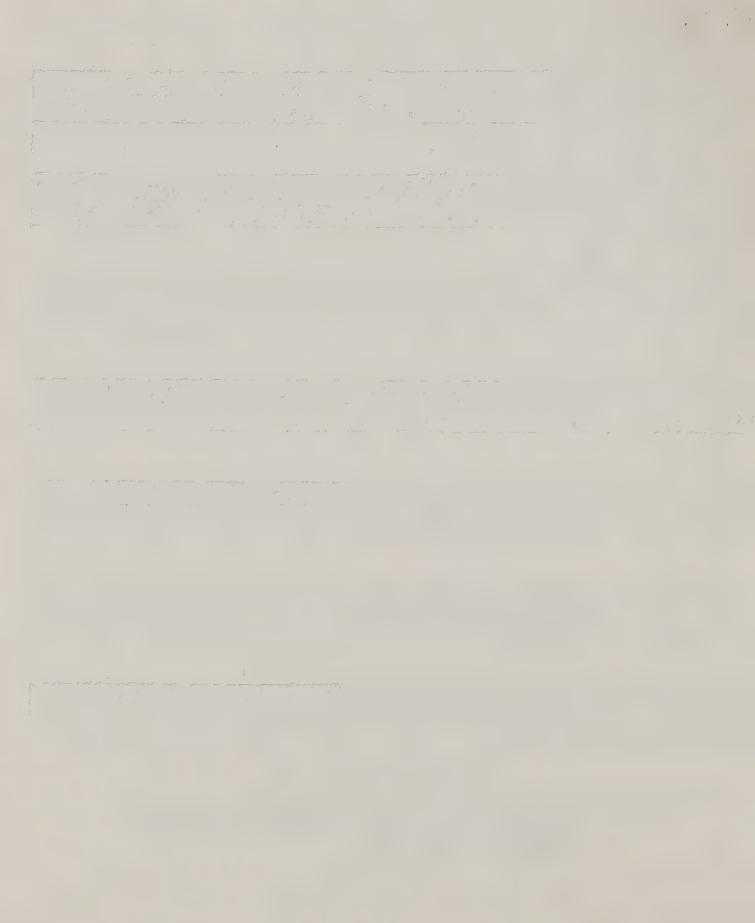


Figure 25. Block 7, Dylox, 1976 Montana Pilot Project Mortality at 3 days vs. spray deposit in number of drops/cm.



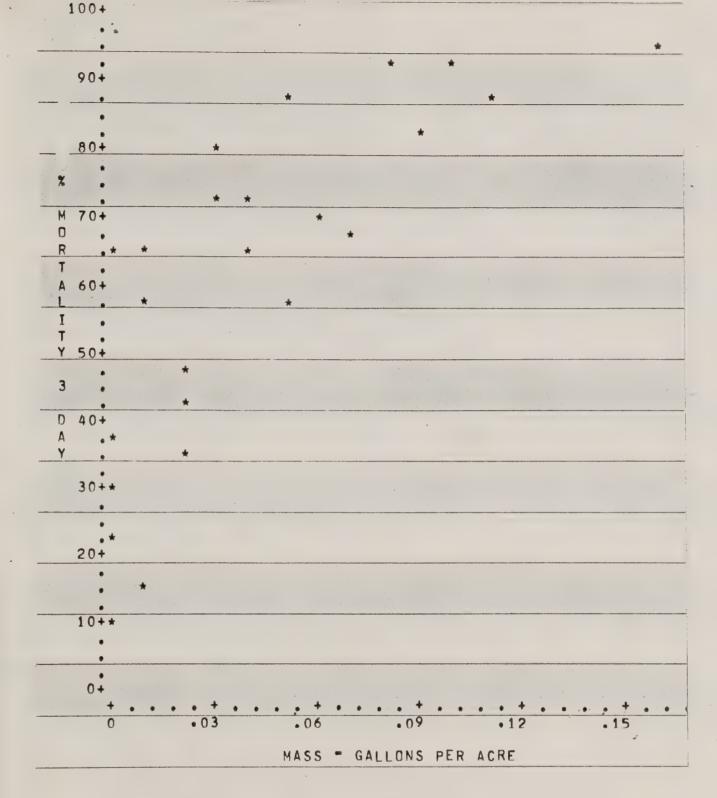


Figure 26.Block 7, Dylox, 1976 Montana Pilot Project Mortality at 3 days vs. spray deposit in gallons per acre.

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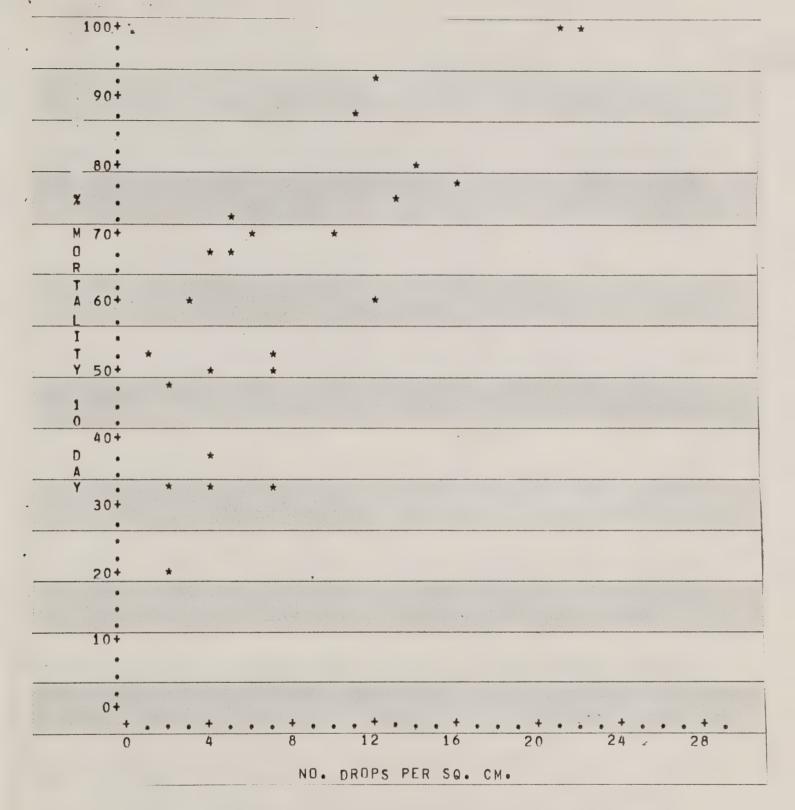


Figure 27. Block 7, Dylox, 1976 Montana Pilot Project Mortality at 10 days vs. spray deposit in number of drops/cm².

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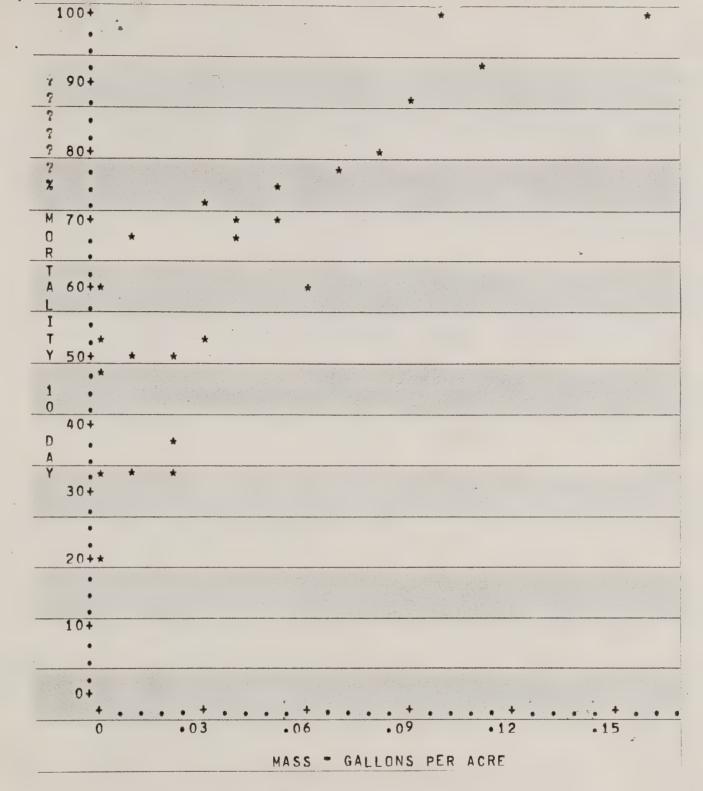


Figure 28. Block 7, Dylox, 1976 Montana Pilot Project Mortality at 10 days vs. spray deposit in gallons per acre.

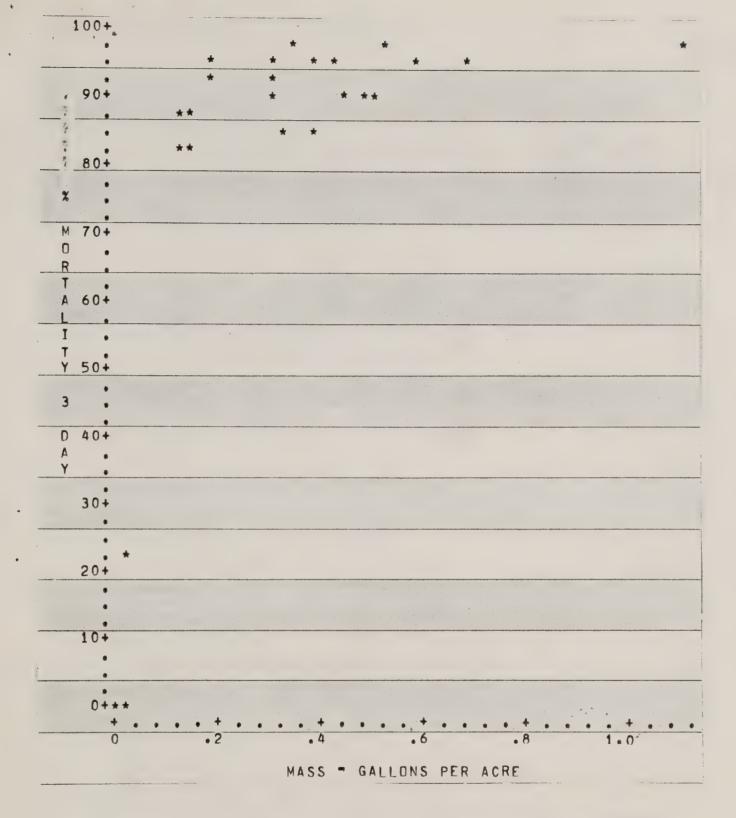


Figure 29. Block 8, Orthene, 1976 Montana Pilot Project Mortality at 3 days vs. spray deposit in gallons per acre.

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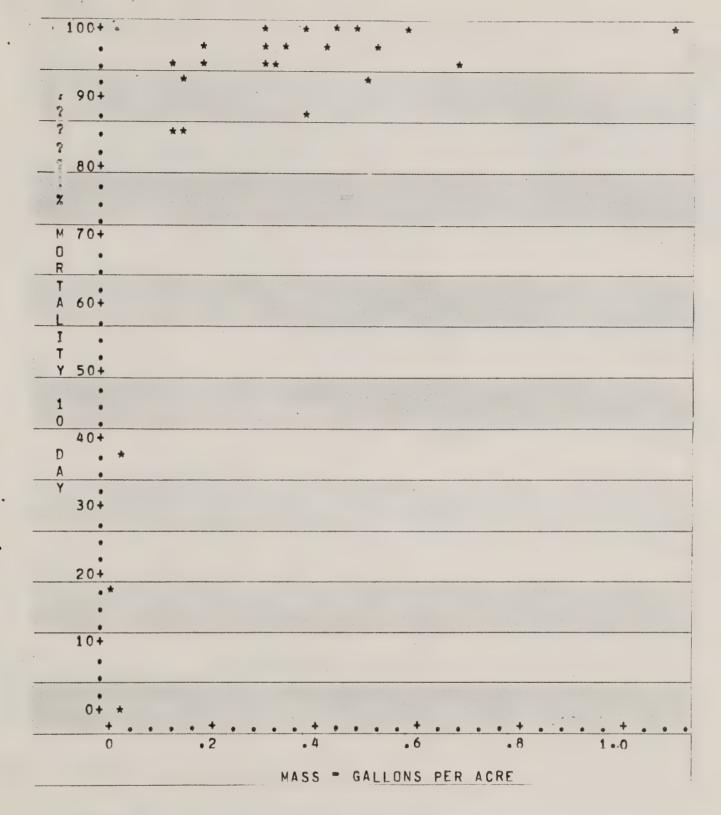


Figure 30. Block 8, Orthene, Montana 1976 Pilot Project Mortality at 10 days vs. spray deposit in gallons per acre.

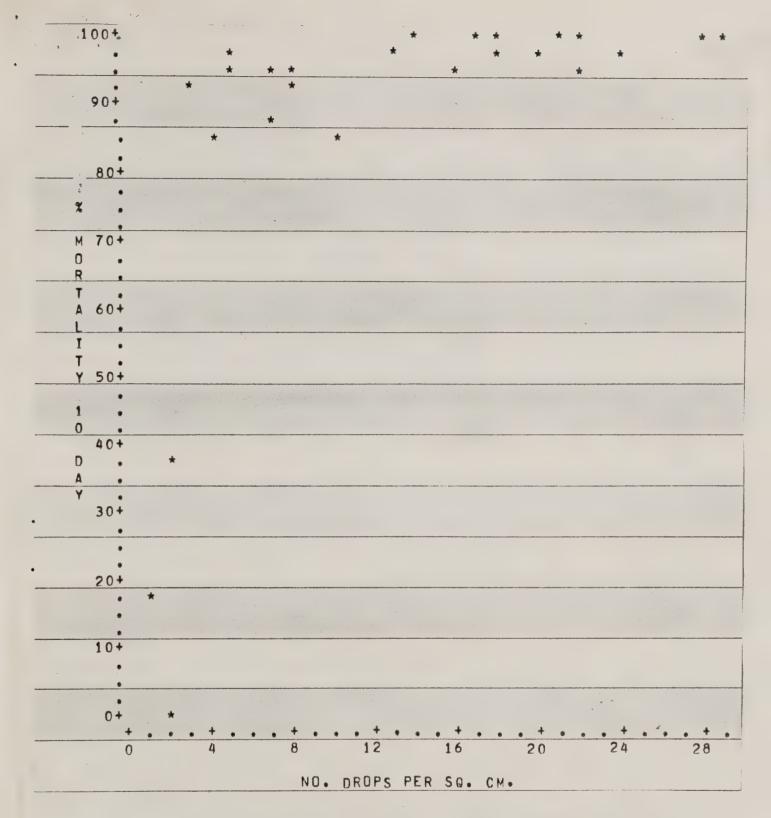
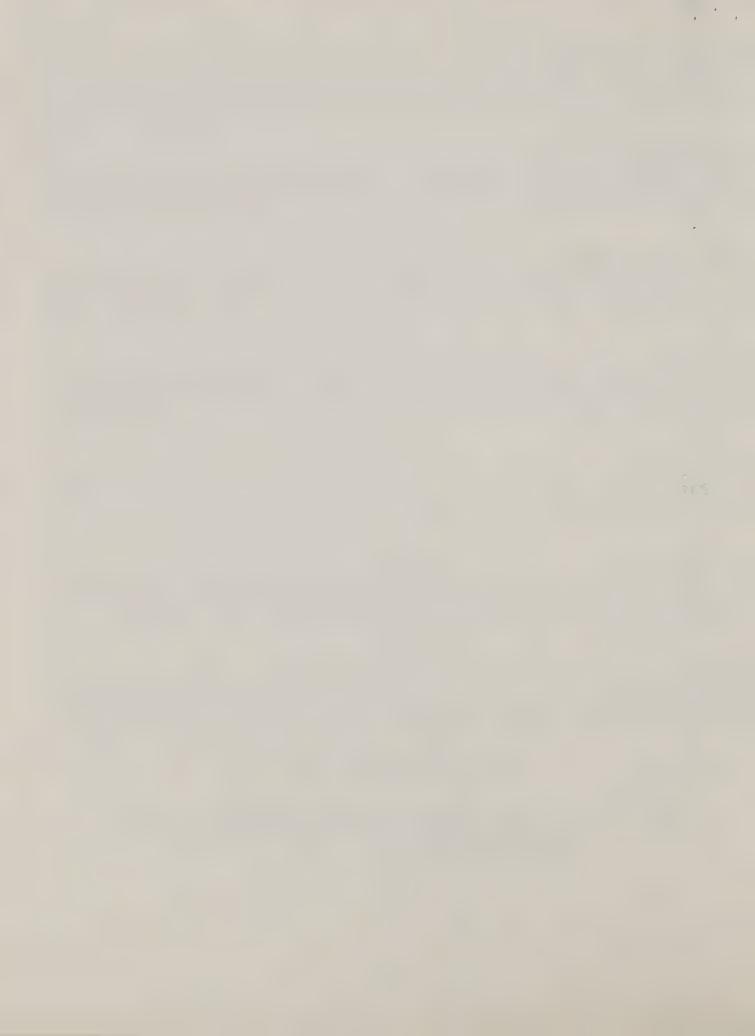


Figure 31. Block 8, Orthene, 1976 Montana Pilot Project Mortality at 10 days vs. spray deposit in number of drops/cm².



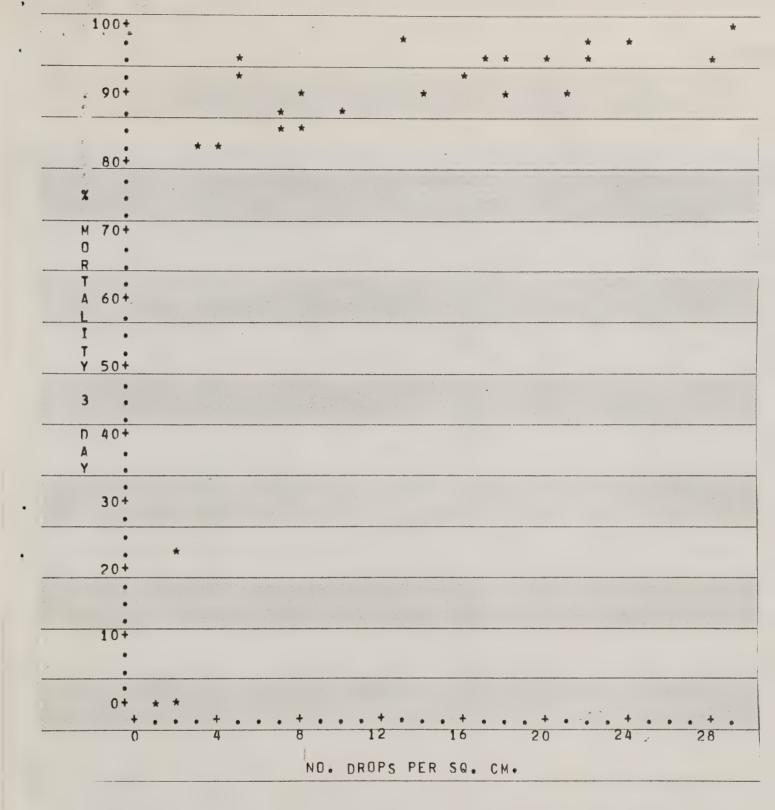
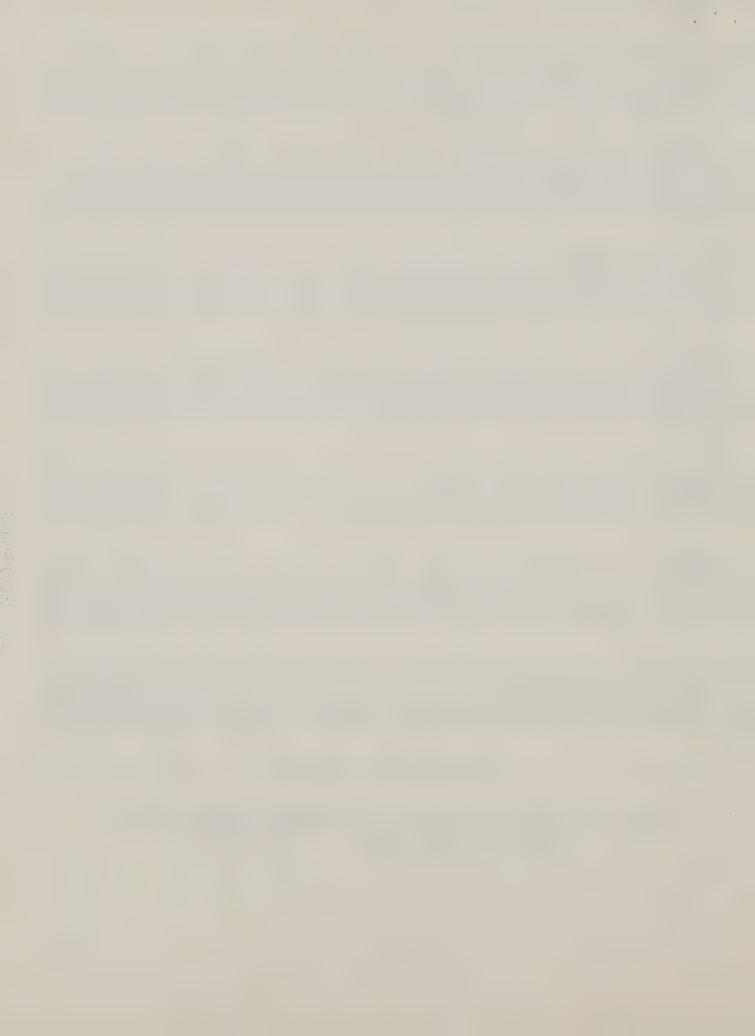


Figure 32. Block 8, Orthene, 1976 Montana Pilot Project Mortality at 3 days vs. spray deposit in number of drops/cm².



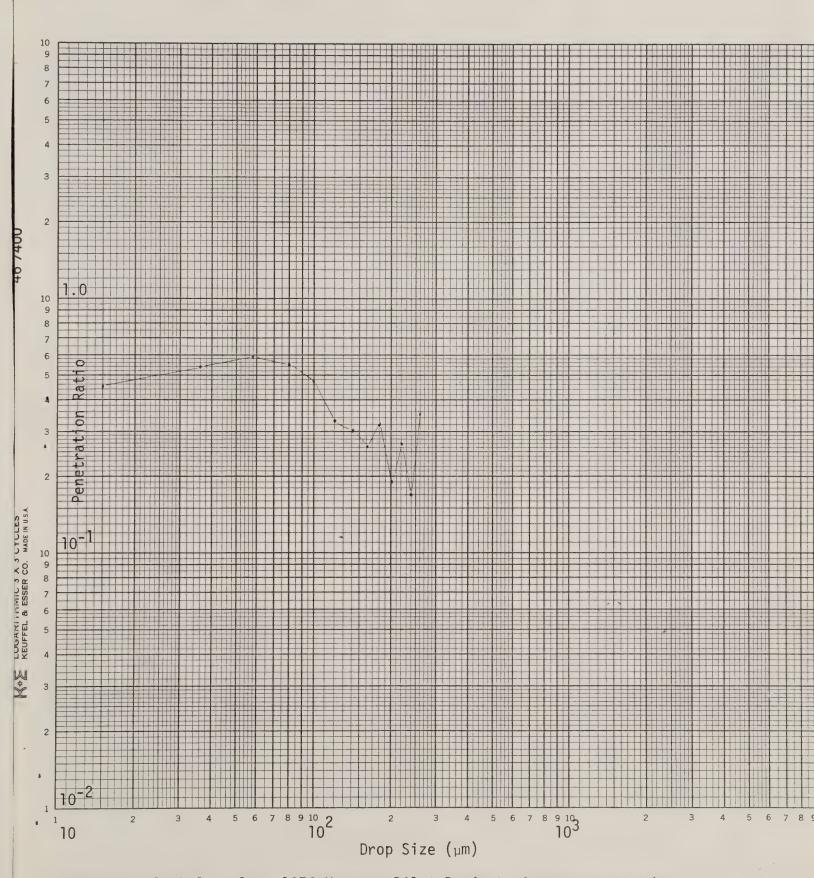


Figure 33 Block 1, Dylox, 1976 Montana Pilot Project, Canopy penetration Penetration ratio = drops under trees vs. drops in open as a function of drop size.



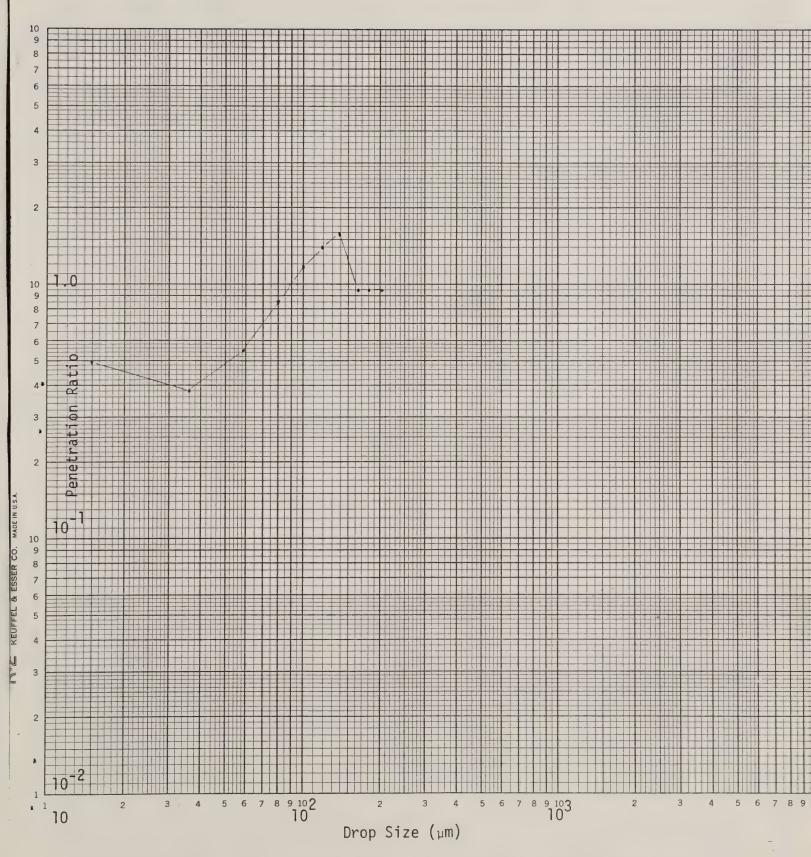


Figure 34 Block 2, Dylox, 1976 Montana Pilot Project, Canopy Penetration Penetration ratio = drops under trees vs. drops in open as a function of drop size.



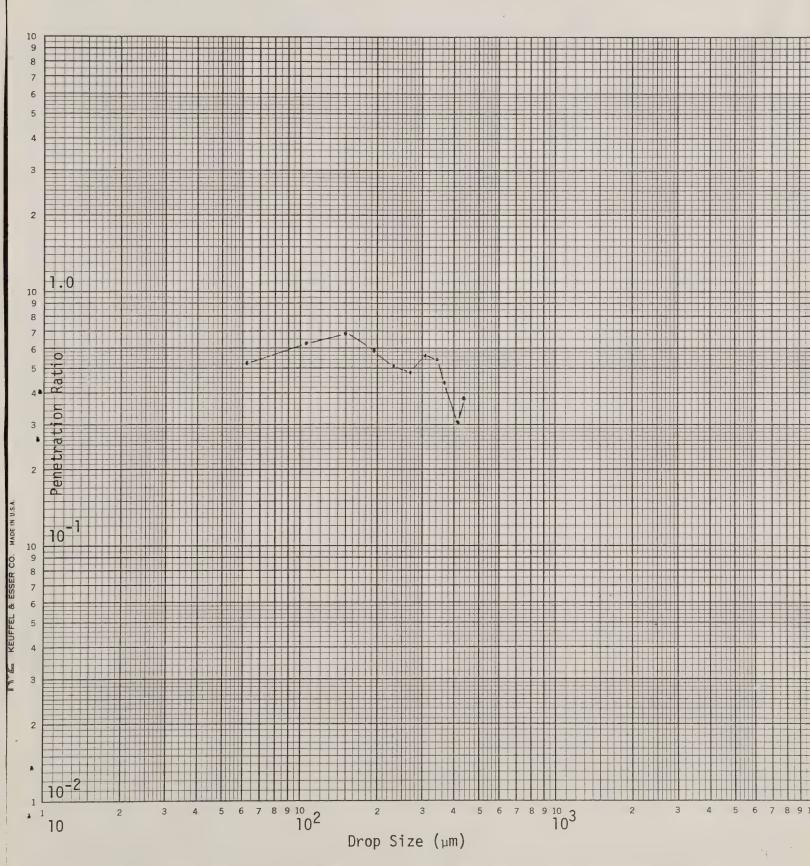


Figure 35 Block 3, Orthene, 1976 Montana Pilot Project, Canopy Penetration Penetration ratio = drops under trees vs. drops in open as a function of drop size.

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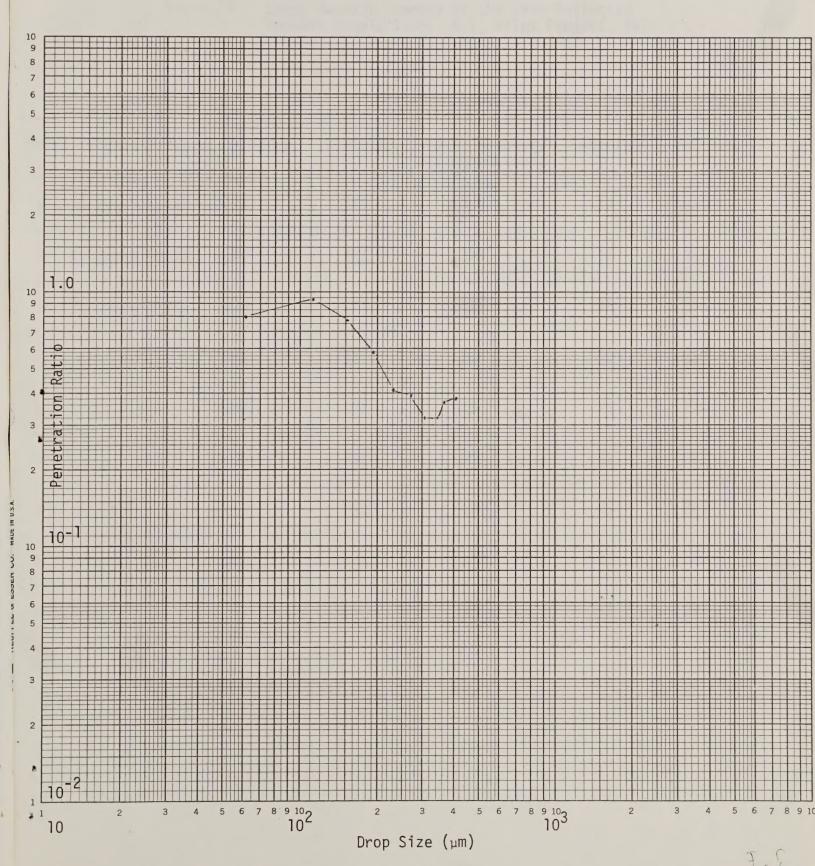


Figure **36** Block 8, Orthene, 1976 Montana Pilot Project, Canopy penetration. Penetration ratio = drops under trees vs. drops in open as a function of drop size.

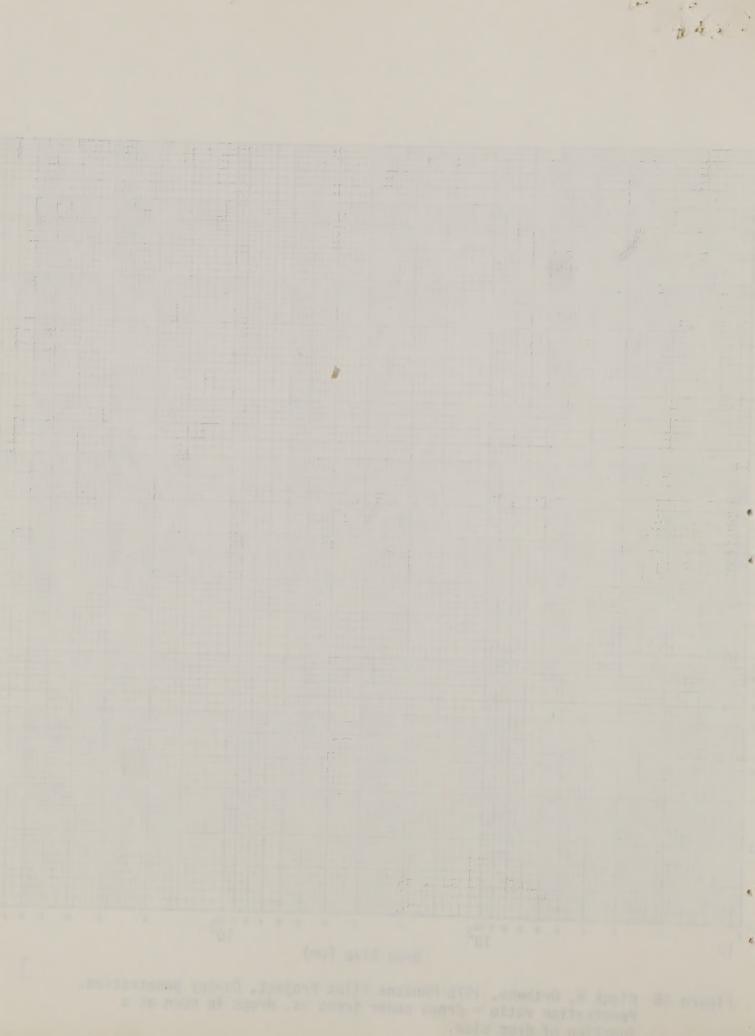


Table 15 Spray Deposit Summary of the Data Collected Beneath Sample Trees, R-1, Pilot Project, 1975

Trial Chemical Spray Recovery (GPA)			% Recovery	Spray Recovery (Grams/meter ²)	Drops/cm ²	VMD (μm)
1	B. thurgiensis	0.38	19%	107 51	13	334
2	B. thurgiensis	0.76	38%	217	13	316
3	B. thurgiensis	0.74	37%	191 100	18	306
4	Sevin 4 0il	0.12	24%	30 ₁₄	10	223
5	Sevin 4 0il	0.43	86%	19 46	25	279
6	Sevin 4 0il	0.38	76%	.94 15	21	282
7	Dylox	0.74	74%	198 1/5	29	269
8	Dylox	0.43	43%	132 66	13	288
9	Dylox	0.51	51%	132 77	17.	277



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